Please read this instruction manual before using the machine as it contains important operational and safety information. Keep this manual accessible so that you may refer to it at anytime while operating the machine.
“IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS”

When using an electrical appliance, basic safety precautions should always be followed, including the following: Read all instructions before using this sewing machine.

“DANGER ___ To reduce the risk of electric shock:”

1. The appliance should never be left unattended when plugged in.
2. Always unplug this appliance from the electric outlet immediately after using and before cleaning.

“WARNING ___ To reduce the risk of burns, fire, electric shock, or injury to persons:”

1. Do not allow this appliance to be used as a toy. Close attention is necessary when this appliance is used by or near children. This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.
2. Use this appliance only for its intended use as described in this manual. Use only attachments recommended by the manufacturer as contained in this manual.
3. Never operate this appliance if it has a damaged cord or plug, if it is not working properly, if it has been dropped or damaged, or dropped into water. Return the appliance to the nearest authorized dealer or service center for examination, repair, electrical or mechanical adjustment.
4. Never operate the appliance with any air openings blocked. Keep ventilation openings of the sewing machine and foot control free from the accumulation of lint, dust, and loose cloth.
5. Keep fingers away from all moving parts. Special care is required around the sewing machine needle.
6. Always use the proper stitch plate. The wrong plate can cause the needle to break.
7. Do not use bent needles.
8. Do not pull or push fabric while stitching. It may deflect the needle causing it to break.
9. Switch the sewing machine off “O” when making any adjustments in the needle area, such as changing needle, threading bobbin, or changing presser foot.
10. Always unplug the machine from the electrical outlet when removing covers, when lubricating or when making any other user servicing adjustments mentioned in the instruction manual.
11. Never drop or insert any object into any opening.
12. Do not use outdoors.
13. Do not operate where aerosol (spray) products are being used or where oxygen is being administered.
14. To disconnect, turn all controls to the off “O” position, then remove plug from outlet.
15. Do not unplug by pulling on cord. To unplug, grasp the plug, not the cord.
16. Basically, the machine should be disconnected from the electricity supply when not in use.
17. If the power cord of this appliance is damaged, it must be replaced with a special cord by your nearest authorized dealer or service center.
18. (Except USA/Canada) This machine is provided with double insulation. Use only identical replacement parts. See instructions for servicing Double-Insulated machine.

“SERVICING DOUBLE-INSULATED PRODUCTS”

In a double-insulated product, two systems of insulation are provided instead of grounding. No grounding means is provided on a double-insulated product nor should a means for grounding be added to the product. Servicing a double-insulated product requires extreme care and knowledge of the system and should only be done by qualified service personnel. Replacement parts for a double-insulated product must be identical to those parts in the product. A double-insulated product is marked with the words DOUBLE INSULATION or DOUBLE INSULATED. The symbol ☐ may also be marked on the product.

“SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS”

“This sewing machine is intended for household use only.”
Congratulations on your purchase of a JUKI sewing machine. Please be sure to read safety precautions in “To use the sewing machine safely” in the Instruction Manual before use to fully understand the functions and operating procedures of the sewing machine so as to use the sewing machine for a long time. After you have read the Instruction Manual, please be sure to keep it together with the warranty so that you can read it whenever necessary.

**To use the sewing machine safely**

Marks and pictographs included in the Instruction Manual and shown on the sewing machine are used so as to ensure safe operation of the sewing machine and to prevent possible risk of injury to the user and other people. Warning marks are used for different purposes as described below.

| ![WARNING] | Indicates that there is a possible risk of death or serious injury if this mark is ignored and the sewing machine is used in a wrong manner. |
| ![ATTENTION] | Indicates the operation, etc. which can cause a possible risk of personal injury and/or physical damage if this mark is ignored and the sewing machine is used in a wrong manner. |

Pictographs mean the following:

| ![Danger warning which is not specified] | ![There is a risk of electrical shock] | ![There is a risk of fire] | ![There is a risk of injury to hands, etc.] |
| ![Prohibited matter which is not specified] | ![Disassembly/alteration is prohibited] | ![Do not place fingers under the needle] | ![Do not pour oil, etc.] |

| ![Generally required behavior] | ![Disconnect the power plug] |
**WARNING**

For the combination of the material and the thread and needle, in particular, refer to the explanation table in “Replacement of the needle”. If the needle or thread does not match the material used such as in the case that an extra heavy-weight material (e.g., denim) is sewn with a thin needle (#11 or higher), the needle can break resulting in an unexpected personal injury.

**Other precautions**

- Do not put the sewing machine under the direct sunlight or in a humid place.
- Do not wipe the sewing machine with solvent such as thinner.

When the sewing machine is soiled, put a small quantity of neutral detergent on a piece of soft cloth and carefully wipe off the sewing machine with it.

Be aware that the following state can take place since the sewing machine incorporates semi-conductor electronic parts and precise electronic circuits.

- Be sure to use the sewing machine in the temperature range from 5°C to 40°C. If the temperature is excessively low, the machine can fail to operate normally.
- The safety device of the sewing machine will work to stop the sewing machine in order to prevent the generation of abnormal heat in the case the sewing machine is continuously engaged in sewing at a low sewing speed for a long time or it is continuously engaged in sewing for a long time under the high temperature environment. In this event, Start and Stop button will not light.

The sewing machine will return to working condition after about 10 minutes.

* The operating temperature of the sewing machine is between 5°C and 40°C. Do not use the sewing machine under the direct sunlight, near the burning things such as a stove and candle, or in a humid place. By so doing, the temperature in the interior portion of the sewing machine can rise or the coating of the power cord can melt, causing fire or electrical shock.
Contents

“IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS” .1

Contents ................................................... 4

1. Configuration and functions ........... 6
   1.1. Names and functions of the operational buttons................................. 7
   1.2. Names and functions of the operation icons and operational keys........... 8

2. Accessories .......................................12

3. Set-up .................................................13
   3.1. How to install Wide Table....................... 13
   3.2. Changing the position of the foot switch ..14
   3.3. Installation of knee lifting lever .............15

4. Basic settings and basic operations ..16
   4.1. Connecting to the power supply  ..........16
   4.2. Speed control.................................. 18
   4.3. Lifting/lowering of the presser foot .......19
   4.4. Changing the presser foot .....................20
   4.5. Placing and releasing “JUKI Smart Feed” ..22
   4.6. Changing the throat plate and the feed dog .........................................23
   4.7. How to use the throat plate for straight stitch ..................................24
   4.8. Attaching the needle ....................... 25
   4.9. Fabric, thread and needle table ..........26
   4.10. Bobbin thread preparation ................. 27
   4.11. Needle thread preparation ................. 31
   4.12. How to adjust thread tension .............36
   4.13. Setting the presser foot pressure .......38
   4.14. Setting the micro-lifter .....................39
   4.15. Twin needle sewing ......................... 40
   4.16. Setting the automatic back tacking, thread trimming and presser foot lifting......42
   4.17. Needle positions / Zigzag width / Stitch length ..................................44
   4.18. Bobbin thread counter ..................... 46
   4.19. Setting the stop position of needle....48
   4.20. Pivot setting ...................................48
   4.21. How to lower the feed dog .................49

5. Operation in detail .............................50
   5.1. Options ........................................... 50
      ① Standard thread tension setting .............51
      ② Presser foot lifting height ....................51
      ③ Screen to set the functions while presser foot is up ....................... 52
      ④ Foot switch functions ......................... 53
      ⑤ Start-up ........................................... 53
      ⑥ Adjustable starting stitch speed ..........54
      ⑦ Adjustable reverse stitch speed .........54
      ⑧ Darning adjustment ............................55
      ⑨ Buzzer volume setting ........................56
      ⑩ Brightness adjustment ...................... 56
     ⑪ Selecting language .............................57
     ⑫ Initialization / deletion of the settings ..57
     ⑬ Firmware update ...............................58
     ⑭ Machine log ......................................60

5.2. Operation guide ..................................61

5.3. Lock mode........................................ 61

5.4. “Return” operation ............................... 61

5.5. “Clear” operation ............................... 61

6. Setting for the pattern sewing ....... 62
   6.1. Single stitching mode / combination stitching mode ........................................ 62
   6.1.1. Single stitching mode ..................... 62
   6.1.2. Combination stitching mode .............62
   6.1.3. Setting for the repetition stitching ..67
   6.2. How to select a stitch pattern .............. 68
      6.2.1. Practical patterns ..........................68
      6.2.2. Decorative patterns ...................... 70
      6.2.3. Quilt patterns ............................. 72
      6.2.4. Buttonhole patterns ......................73
      6.2.5. Letters .......................................74
      6.2.6. User memory ............................... 75
      6.2.7. How to select the pattern by selecting its number ......................... 76
### 6.3. Types of edit functions and how to use them

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sections</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6.3.1. Adjusting the darning</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3.2. Pattern inversion</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3.3. Changing the elongation size</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3.4. Changing the tapering size</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3.5. Selecting the combined patterns collectively</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3.6. Deletion</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3.7. Setting the interval between patterns</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3.8. Change of seam width of buttonhole</td>
<td>81</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 7. Sewing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sections</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7.1. Straight stitch</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.2. Inserting zippers</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.3. Patchwork piecing</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.4. Overcasting stitch</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.5. Blind stitch</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.6. Shell tuck</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.7. Bartacking</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.8. Eyelet</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.9. Decorative stitches</td>
<td>97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.10. Lace / feather patterns</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.11. Scallop stitches</td>
<td>99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.12. Random pattern</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.13. Tapering</td>
<td>101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.14. Hand look quilt stitches</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.15. Buttonhole stitches</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.16. Manual 2-step buttonhole</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.17. Sewing buttons</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.18. Quilting (free motion)</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.19. Quilting (quilt guide)</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 8. Message catalog

- 8.1. Straight stitch
- 8.2. Inserting zippers
- 8.3. Patchwork piecing
- 8.4. Overcasting stitch
- 8.5. Blind stitch
- 8.6. Shell tuck
- 8.7. Bartacking
- 8.8. Eyelet
- 8.9. Decorative stitches
- 8.10. Lace / feather patterns
- 8.11. Scallop stitches
- 8.12. Random pattern
- 8.13. Tapering
- 8.15. Buttonhole stitches
- 8.17. Sewing buttons
- 8.18. Quilting (free motion)
- 8.19. Quilting (quilt guide)
1. Configuration and functions

- Spool cap (large)
- Spool pin
- Bobbin winding shaft
- LCD Screen
- Light under arm
- Lock stitch button
- Reverse stitch button
- Knee lifting lever hole
- Hand wheel (pulley)
- Power switch
- USB insertion slot
- Foot-controller-jack
- Machine-socket-inlet
- Needle setscrew
- Needle
- Presser foot
- Hook cover release button
- Throat plate
- Feed dog
- Hook cover
## 1.1. Names and functions of the operational buttons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>①</td>
<td>Thread trimming button</td>
<td>After sewing, press this button to trim both threads automatically. The sewing machine stops with its needle up after thread trimming. In the case of 2-needle setting, this button will not operate even if the thread trimming button is pressed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>②</td>
<td>Needle up/down button</td>
<td>When machine stops, press this button to change the needle position. When the needle is up, the needle moves down and vice versa. The sewing machine performs sewing at a low speed by keeping this button held pressed for a long time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>③</td>
<td>Presser foot auto lift button</td>
<td>When this button is pressed while the sewing machine is at rest, the presser foot position is changed. When the presser foot is in its upper position, it comes down to its lower position and vice versa. When the presser foot is lifted by operating the presser foot auto lift button, the feed dog is also automatically lowered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>④</td>
<td>Speed controller</td>
<td>Sewing speed can be adjusted with the sliding lever of Speed Controller freely. The sewing speed is increased by moving the speed controller to the right, or decreased by moving it to the left. When sewing with foot controller, Max. sewing speed can be set by Speed Controller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑤</td>
<td>Lock stitch button</td>
<td>When this button is pressed, the sewing machine performs lock stitch. When this button is pressed while the sewing machine is engaged in pattern sewing, the sewing machine stops after it has completed the sewing of the one-cycle/one-point of the pattern.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑥</td>
<td>Reverse stitch button</td>
<td>For straight stitch/zigzag stitch: The sewing machine performs reverse stitch as long as this button is held pressed. For other stitch types: The sewing machine performs lock stitch.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>⑦</td>
<td>Start/stop button</td>
<td>When pressing this button, machine starts to sew slowly and then up to the speed set by speed controller. Another press of this button stops the sewing machine. Color of button indicates machine status. <strong>Green:</strong> Ready to start and/or while sewing <strong>Red:</strong> Not ready to start <strong>Orange:</strong> When the lock stitch button is pressed while the sewing machine is engaged in pattern sewing (The sewing machine performs lock stitch after it has completed the sewing of the pattern by one cycle. Then, the sewing machine stops.) * When the foot controller is plugged in, the start/stop button cannot be used to start sewing. Start button: Can not operate to start sewing. Stop button: Can operate to stop sewing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1.2. Names and functions of the operation icons and operational keys

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Thread tension icon</strong></td>
<td>Detailed setting of the thread tension is displayed. Press the thread tension icon when you want to change the thread tension. The thread tension set value will be returned to the initial value by selecting a different pattern.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Presser foot pressure icon</strong></td>
<td>Presser foot pressure is displayed. Press the presser foot pressure icon when you want to change the presser foot pressure. The presser foot pressure will be returned to the initial value by re-turning the power ON.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>“JUKI Smart Feed” adjustment icon</strong></td>
<td>This icon is displayed by placing “JUKI Smart Feed” in position. Adjustment value of “JUKI Smart Feed” can be set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Needle icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Automatic back tacking and thread trimming icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Repetition sewing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Needle position icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Zigzag width icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Stitch length icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Bobbin thread counter icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Sewing-start back tacking icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Sewing-end back tacking icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Thread trimming icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Presser foot lift after thread trimming icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Pattern edit icon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Needle stop position changeover icon</td>
<td>Stop position of the needle (upper or lower position) when stopping the sewing machine can be changed over.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• : The sewing machine stops with its needle down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• : The sewing machine stops with its needle up</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pivot function icon</td>
<td>You can select the setting where the presser foot goes up with the needle held in the needle-down stop position when you stop the sewing machine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• : Pivot function is OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• : Pivot function is ON</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drop feed icon</td>
<td>Feed Dog can be disengaged or engaged.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• : Feed Dog is engaged</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• : Feed Dog is disengaged</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change the page icon</td>
<td>Push this icon to change the page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pattern changeover icon</td>
<td>Use this icon when you want to change over the pattern under the combination stitching mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single stitching tab</td>
<td>The sewing mode can be set to the single stitching mode by pressing the single stitching tab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Combination stitching tab</td>
<td>The sewing mode can be set to the combination stitching mode under which two or more patterns are sewn in combination by pressing the combination stitching tab.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practical pattern icon</td>
<td>Push it to change the screen to utility stitch patterns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decorative pattern icon</td>
<td>Push it to change the screen to decorative stitch patterns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quilt pattern icon</td>
<td>Push it to change the screen to quilting stitch patterns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttonhole pattern icon</td>
<td>Push it to change the screen to buttonholing patterns.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letter icon</td>
<td>Push it to change the screen to letters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User memory icon</td>
<td>Use the user memory icon when you want to select the pattern stored in the user memory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. selection icon</td>
<td>Push it to change the screen to the one to select the stitch pattern by pattern No.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pattern icon</td>
<td>It is possible to select stitch pattern.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Function</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selection screen extension tab</td>
<td>The pattern group display screen can be changed to the full-screen display. The previous screen can be restored by pressing the selection screen extension tab again.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presser Foot</td>
<td>Suitable presser foot for the stitch pattern is displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Needle Position</td>
<td>Needle position ▼ is displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Throat Plate</td>
<td>The type of throat plate is displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>○ : Standard throat plate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>● : Throat plate for straight stitch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sewing Condition</td>
<td>Stitch Pattern which is sewn currently or to be sewn is displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option key</td>
<td>Setting of 14 types of options can be set. * Available options differs according to the selected stitch pattern.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guide key</td>
<td>Basic operations can be checked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lock Mode Key *1</td>
<td>When pushing it, all the operations are disabled. In order to release the lock mode, press the lock mode key for 1 seconds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return key</td>
<td>When pushing it, the screen goes back to the previous page. Combination Pattern mode can delete the selected pattern.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clear key</td>
<td>Setting of Stitch Pattern can be returned to the default setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusting Dial (Left)</td>
<td>This dial will be used when adjusting zigzag width or needle position. The zigzag width can be changed by pressing the zigzag width icon. The zigzag width is increased by turning this dial clockwise. The zigzag width is decreased by turning this dial counterclockwise. The needle position can be changed by pressing the needle position icon. The needle is shifted to the right by turning this dial clockwise. The needle is shifted to the left by turning this dial counterclockwise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusting Dial (Right)</td>
<td>This dial will be used when adjusting stitch length. The stitch length is increased by turning this dial clockwise. The stitch length is decreased by turning this dial counterclockwise.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* 1

⚠️ Lock Mode given in the Instruction Manual means that operation of all keys is disabled by pressing the ⚠️. (Refer to page 61)
2. Accessories

- Supplied with the machine
  - Standard presser foot (A)
  - Touch pen
  - Bobbin (1)
  - Spool cap (large)
  - Bobbin (3)

- Inside the auxiliary box.
  - Buttonhole presser foot (E)
  - Straight feed dog
  - T-shape screwdriver
  - Quilt guide
  - Bobbin (1)
  - Spool cap (large)
  - Spool cap (Middle)
  - Spool cap (Small)
  - Presser foot holder setscrew
  - Adapter shank
  - Rolled hemming presser foot
  - Quilt presser foot (zigzag type)
  - Patchwork presser foot (P)
  - Quilt presser foot (for the ruler) (Q)

- It is contained in the packing.
  - Foot Controller
  - Knee-lifting lever
  - Power cord
  - Sewing machine cover
  - Wide table
  - Instruction manual (This manual)
3. Set-up

3.1. How to install Wide Table

1. Open legs of Wide Table until they stop securely at the stopping position.

2. Assemble Wide Table to sewing machine body.
   Attach it to free arm of sewing machine.

3. Adjust the height of legs so that the top surface of Wide Table is the same height of sewing machine body.

* Don't put any heavy materials on the Wide Table.
* Don't move sewing machine with Wide Table attached.
3.2. Changing the position of the foot switch

The lateral position of the foot switch in reference to the pedal can be changed. Use the foot switch at your desired position.

Unplug the controller before you change the position of the foot switch.

1. Remove pedal setscrew ❶ and block setscrew ❷.

2. Attach pedal ❸ and block ❹ to the opposite side while turning them in the other way around, and tighten the pedal setscrew and block setscrew.

Foot switch
3.3. Installation of knee lifting lever

Insert the knee lifting lever ❶ so that concave ❸ and convex ❷ meet.
4. Basic settings and basic operations

4.1. Connecting to the power supply

■ Connecting the codes

① Turn OFF the power switch (turn to “O”)

⚠️ WARNING (For U.S.A., Canada only)
This appliance has a polarized plug (one blade wider than the other). To reduce the risk of electric shock, this plug is intended to fit in a polarized outlet only one way. If the plug does not fit fully in the outlet, reverse the plug. If it still does not fit, contact a qualified electrician to install the proper outlet. Do not modify the plug in any way.

● Not-using foot-controller that using start/stop-button:
② Insert cord-connector ❷ into machine-socket-inlet ❶. Insert plug ❸ into socket-outlet.

● Using the foot-controller:
② Insert the foot-controller-plug ❹ into the foot-controller-jack ❸.
③ Insert cord-connector into machine-socket-inlet. Insert plug into socket-outlet.

* When the foot controller is plugged in, the start/stop button cannot be used to start sewing.
● Start button: Can not operate to start sewing.
● Stop button: Can operate to stop sewing.

• Disconnect the plug and turn off the power switch (turn to “O”) that always sewing machine is not to use.
**Turning the power ON**

Turn ON the power switch. (Turn to "I")

- Be aware that the presser foot goes up automatically when the power to the sewing machine is turned ON.

The screen shown on the left when the power to the sewing machine is turned ON.
The needle moves and the screen shown on the left disappears by pressing .

---

Do not place fingers under the needle

---

In the case the function of retaining the pattern that has been sewn immediately before stopping the sewing machine is optionally set for the startup, the message shown on the left will be displayed.
4.2. Speed control

**Speed controller**

Maximum sewing speed can be freely set by the speed controller.

- 🐦: Faster speed
- 🐦: Slower speed

**Foot controller**

To run the machine, press the foot controller. The harder you press, the faster the machine sews. Speed controller will set the maximum sewing speed.

- 1 Pressing harder → faster speed
- 2 Pressing weaker → slower speed

* Always clean the foot controller. It is important that you do not place any objects on the foot controller as it may cause injury to the user and may cause malfunctions.

**Low-speed inching sewing**

When the needle up/down switch is held pressed, the sewing machine performs sewing at a low speed.

- **Adjustable starting stitch speed**
  The sewing speed to be employed at the beginning of sewing can be changed by using the option setting function. (Refer to page 54)

- **Adjustable reverse stitch speed**
  The sewing speed for reverse stitch can be changed by using the option setting function. (Refer to page 54)
4.3. Lifting/lowering of the presser foot

**Presser foot lifting lever**

The presser foot is lifted/lowered with the presser foot lifting lever. The presser foot can be lifted higher than the ordinary lift position. This feature is useful when placing a heavy-weight material on the sewing machine. Even after the presser foot has been lifted with the presser foot lifting lever, the presser foot can be lowered with the presser foot auto lift button.

1. **Lowered position**
   - Presser foot should be lowered when sewing.

2. **Ordinary lift position**
   - This position is used for fabric removal and/or changing the presser foot.

3. **Extra lift position**
   - This position is used to put heavy materials underneath the presser foot.

* Be careful that the presser foot and the needle should not interfere when the needle is in down position and the presser foot is raised to the extra lift position.

**Presser foot auto lift button**

The presser foot can be lifted/lowered by pressing the presser foot auto lift button. (Refer to page 7)

Operation of the presser foot lifting lever is enabled by lifting the lever to position once after lifting the presser foot with the presser foot auto lift button.

**Knee lifting lever**

It is possible to lift and lower the presser foot with your knee instead of using your hands.

Push the lever to right-hand side to lift the presser foot. The presser foot is lowered when the lever goes back to the original position.

Operation of the knee lifter lever is enabled by pressing the lever to the rightmost position after lifting the presser foot with the presser foot auto lift button.

* Do not touch the knee lifting lever while sewing. If you touch the knee lifter lever during sewing, the presser foot will go up causing a deformation in the pattern.

**Automatic presser foot lifting**

It is possible to set so that the presser foot goes up automatically with the needle kept at the lower position when the sewing machine is stopped.

**Presser foot lift after trimming setting**

It is possible to set so that the presser foot goes up automatically after thread trimming.

● **Automatic lowering of the feed dog when lifting the presser foot**

The feed dog comes down automatically when the presser foot is lifted with the presser foot lifting lever or the presser foot auto lift button. This feature is helpful for placing the material under the presser foot or removing it from there as well as preventing the material from being damaged since the material will not be caught in the feed dog.

* The feed dog does not come down in the case of setting the "presser foot lift after thread trimming".
4.4. Changing the presser foot

■ Removing and installing the presser foot

⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode

● Removing presser foot
Raise the needle.
Move up the presser foot lifting lever.
Press the presser foot releasing button ❶ to remove the presser foot.

● Installing presser foot
Align the pin ❷ of the presser foot and the groove ❸ in the presser foot holder.
Move down the presser foot lifting lever.
* Each presser foot has a marking ❹. Use the appropriate presser foot for the stitch pattern to be sewn.

■ Removing and installing presser foot holder

● Removing presser foot holder
Lift the needle and presser foot lifting lever.
Loosen the setscrew ❶ of the presser foot holder to the left and remove the presser foot holder ❷.

● Installing presser foot holder
Align the screw hole at the presser bar ❹ with the hole of presser foot holder ❷ (long groove).
Tighten the setscrew ❶ firmly by turning it to the right side.
The type and application of the presser foot

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Presser Foot Type</th>
<th>Marking</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard presser foot A</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>This is used mainly for straight stitch and zigzag stitches. Use this presser foot especially when sewing heavy-weight materials.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zipper presser foot B</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>This is used to attach zippers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overcasting presser foot C</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>This presser foot is used exclusively for overcasting to prevent the cut edge of fabrics from fraying.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blind stitch presser foot D</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>This presser foot is used for blind stitch on hems of trousers and skirts, or sleeves.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttonhole presser foot E</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>This presser foot is used for automatic buttonholing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot I</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>This is used for sewing decorative stitches, letters and bartacks. Also for manual buttonhole (pattern No.402, No.403).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patchwork presser foot P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>This presser foot is used for patchwork stitches. There are two seam lines, 1/4-inch and 1/8-inch from center needle position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Open toe presser foot O</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>This is used for the applique and decorative stitches. (Front part of the presser foot is open for better visibility.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quilt presser foot (for the ruler) Q</td>
<td>Q</td>
<td>This is used for the quilt stitch. (Machine setting: Straight Stitch and Center needle position) The ruler can be used together with the quilt presser foot.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Straight presser foot S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Use this presser foot when using the throat plate for straight stitch.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7mm guide foot or 1/4&quot; guide foot 7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>This guide presser foot is provided with a guide for 7-mm or 1/4-inch seam allowance for piecing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.5. Placing and releasing “JUKI Smart Feed”

“JUKI Smart Feed” is used when sewing the materials (knit, jersey, vinyl cloth, artificial leather, etc.) that are generally hard to be fed, and the materials (quilt, etc.) that are likely to cause uneven material feed. “JUKI Smart Feed” can only be used for sewing limited types of patterns.

● Placing “JUKI Smart Feed”
Raise the presser foot.
Fully lower “JUKI Smart Feed” ❶ while pinching it with fingers.
When “JUKI Smart Feed” is fitted appropriately, the relevant icon is displayed on the screen.

● Adjusting “JUKI Smart Feed”
Press ．

Adjust “JUKI Smart Feed” by pressing the icon.
(Setting range: -5.0 - 5.0)
The top feed amount is decreased.
The top feed amount is increased.

The top feed amount can also be adjusted by sliding the slide bar to the right or left.

The set value is confirmed by pressing ．

● Releasing “JUKI Smart Feed”
Raise the presser foot.
Pinching “JUKI Smart Feed” ❶, pull it down and push backward until it is brought to its upper position.
4.6. Changing the throat plate and the feed dog

The normal throat plate and feed dog can be changed to the throat plate and feed dog for straight stitch. In the case of starting sewing from the edge of material, the material can be smoothly fed without being pulled into the needle hole by changing the throat plate and feed dog to those for straight stitch.

⚠️ Turn off the machine or leave the Machine in Lock Mode

- **Removing the throat plate**
  Remove the presser foot and needle. Push the T-shape screwdriver ❷ into the groove in front of the throat plate ❶. When pressing the screw-driver downward, throat plate will come off.

- **Removing the feed dog**
  Push the T-shape screwdriver ❷ into the groove in the back of the feed dog ❸. When pressing the screw-driver downward, feed dog will come off.

- **Attaching the feed dog**
  Follow the angle in the sketch and place the feed dog so that the pins ❹ of the feed dog meet the groove ❺ in the back of feed dog. Press down the front part of feed dog and engage the feed dog.

- **Attaching the throat plate**
  Place the area (❶) first and then push center to right hand part of the throat plate to assemble (❷).

- **Patterns that can be sewn with the throat plate for straight stitch**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>001</th>
<th>009</th>
<th>011</th>
<th>391</th>
<th>392</th>
<th>393</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Once the throat plate and feed dog for straight stitch are installed, the limited types of patterns that can be sewn with them can be selected.
4.7. How to use the throat plate for straight stitch

The throat plate is provided with a useful guide for you to determine the sewing position of material.

**Guide lines**

It is possible to sew the material from its edge by sewing the material while aligning its edge with the guide line on the throat plate.

1. On center needle position basis
2. 5 mm

* Numbers on the guide line show the distance in mm and inches between the center needle position and the guide line.

Numbers, 7, 10 and 20 are millimeter.
Numbers, 1/4, 5/8 and 1 are inches.

**Angle index**

The angle index is useful when using it for piecing of patchworks.
If you align the material edge with the angle index which is same of the angle of patchwork (piece) corner 3, you will know the start and end positions while setting the seam allowance to 7 mm without marking the material.

4. Guide
4.8. Attaching the needle

**Removing needle**

Turn the hand wheel towards you until the needle comes to the highest position and lower the presser foot.

Turn the needle setscrew ② towards you 1-2 times and remove the needle.

- T-shape screwdriver

**Attaching the needle**

Hold the needle with its flat part facing away from you (③), and insert it fully until it touches the stopper pin ④. Securely tighten the needle setscrew.

The needle cannot be inserted unless it is correctly positioned.

**Needles to be purchased**

When purchasing spare needles, specify HA×1 (130/705H) or HA×1 SP (needle for knits).

**Checking the needle**

Check the needle for its straightness occasionally. Any bent needle would cause skipped stitches, thread breakage or damage to materials.

- The flat part of the needle
- Flat object

**Attention:** If the needle is not properly installed or a bent needle is used, needle breakage can be caused. It will cause damage to the machine.
### 4.9. Fabric, thread and needle table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fabric</th>
<th>Thread</th>
<th>Needle</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Light-weight materials</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>HA×1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lawn</td>
<td>Silk thread ...................... No.80,90</td>
<td>No.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lawn</td>
<td>Spun thread ...................... No.80,90</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgette</td>
<td>Spun thread ...................... No.60-90</td>
<td>Knit needle No.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tricot</td>
<td>Silk thread ...................... No.80</td>
<td>No.11-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tricot</td>
<td>Spun thread ...................... No.60-90</td>
<td>No.11-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Medium-weight materials</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cotton and synthetic fabrics</td>
<td>Spun thread ...................... No.50, 60</td>
<td>No.11-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light jersey</td>
<td>Silk thread ...................... No.50</td>
<td>Knit needle No.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light jersey</td>
<td>Spun thread ...................... No.50</td>
<td>No.11-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ordinary wool and synthetic fabrics</td>
<td>Silk thread ...................... No.50</td>
<td>No.11-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ordinary wool and synthetic fabrics</td>
<td>Spun thread ...................... No.50, 60</td>
<td>No.11-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Heavy-weight materials</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denim</td>
<td>Spun thread ...................... No.30-50</td>
<td>No.14-16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jersey</td>
<td>Silk thread ...................... No.50</td>
<td>Knit needle No.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jersey</td>
<td>Spun thread ...................... No.50, 60</td>
<td>No.11-14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coat</td>
<td>Silk thread ...................... No.50</td>
<td>No.11-14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* In general, the same thread is used for both needle and bobbin threads.
* Thin thread and needle will be used for light-weight fabrics and thick thread and needle will be used for heavy-weight materials.
* Check that the combination of needle and thread is OK by trial sewing on the material which will be sewn.
* Knit needle is good for stretchy fabrics (such as knits) and synthetic fabrics.
* Use thread No. 30 - 90.
* When it is difficult to go over an overlapped section, guide the fabric by hand.
* When sewing “quilt patterns”, “decorative patterns” or “letters”, better finish will be ensured by using a knit needle.
4.10. Bobbin thread preparation

Winding a bobbin

- Place the thread spool to the spool pin.
- There are three types of the spool caps: A, large, medium, and small. Select the size of spool cap according to the thread spool to be used and use it while changing its direction appropriately.
- Be aware that a spool with a small remaining amount of thread can cause tangling or slip-off of thread.

1. Thread the guide 1.

2. Thread the thread guide 2 (guide in the circle).
   Pull the thread by both hands and thread it to bobbin winding thread guide.

- In the case of using the auxiliary spool pin

1. Place the auxiliary spool pin.

2. Place the thread spool to the auxiliary spool pin.

3. Pass the thread through thread guide 1. Then, pass the thread through thread guide for bobbin winding 2. Pull the thread by both hands and thread it to bobbin winding thread guide.

⚠️ Turn off the machine
4 Set the bobbin on the bobbin winding shaft ❸.

5 Pay attention that the thread from bobbin winding thread guide is not loose and wind the thread to the bobbin 4-5 times in clockwise direction.

Put the thread end into the guide ❹ at the bobbin winding shaft and pull it to the right side to cut it.

6 Turn the power ON.

7 Push the bobbin winding regulator ❶ towards the bobbin to start winding the bobbin.

* Be careful that the bobbin winding regulator works as a switch.

8 When winding is finished, the shaft stops automatically, the bobbin winding regulator moves to right and return to the original position.

Remove the bobbin from the bobbin winding shaft and cut the thread by cutter ❹.

* Bobbin winding will automatically stop even while winding, when the winding speed is reduced due to a load to the bobbin winding motor caused by thread tangling.
\section*{Placing the bobbin}

\noindent \textbf{Turn off the machine}

\begin{enumerate}
\item Pull forward hook cover release button \textbf{A} and open the hook cover \textbf{B}.
\item Put the bobbin in the bobbin case.
  \begin{itemize}
  \item Place the bobbin so that thread winds counterclockwise.
  \end{itemize}
\item Thread groove and 1 by pulling the thread end.
  \begin{itemize}
  \item It will be easier to thread grooves when you press the bobbin lightly with your finger.
  \end{itemize}
\item Thread guide 2 by pulling the thread to left side.
\end{enumerate}
5 Thread the bobbin thread.
* When pulling bobbin thread, bobbin rotates counterclockwise. If bobbin rotates clockwise, put the bobbin upside down.

6 Cut the thread with the built-in cutter C.

7 Close the hook cover.

You can start to sew in this condition (without pulling up the bobbin thread), however, if you want to sew with the bobbin thread pulled out, refer to “Pulling up the bobbin thread” in the page 35.
4.11. Needle thread preparation

■ Preparation

1. Make sure to push the needle to the top. If the needle is not attached appropriately, the needle cannot be threaded with the automatic needle threader.

   * Use the needle: No.11-16 and the thread: No.30-90.

2. Align the marking A at the hand wheel with the one on the machine body.

3. Turn the power ON.

4. Lift the presser foot.

   * You can thread the machine correctly on condition that the machine is turned on and presser foot is up position.

5. Press the lock key to activate the lock mode.
**Threading the needle thread**

1. Place the thread spool to the spool pin.

   There are three types of the spool caps \(\text{B}\), large, medium and small.

   Select the size of spool cap according to the thread spool to be used and use it while changing its direction appropriately.

   * Be aware that a spool with a small remaining amount of thread can cause tangling or slip-off of thread.
2 Thread to guide 1.

3 Hold the thread end and thread according to the arrow marking.
   * Check that the thread take-up (6) is correctly threaded.

4 Thread the guide 6 from the right-hand side.
   Draw the needle thread out from the guide by approximately 10 cm.
Release the threading lever and the needle thread is threaded to the needle eye.

5. Lift the presser foot. Then, draw the needle thread backward. Pull out the thread from the needle eye by approx. 10 cm or 4 inches long.

* When twin needle is used, the automatic needle threader can not be used.
* Use the needle: No.11-16 and the thread: No.30-90.

1. Lower the presser foot with the presser foot lifting lever.
   * The automatic needle threader sometimes fails to thread the needle when the presser foot is raised.

2. Thread to 7 and cut the thread with the thread cutter 8.

3. Lower the threading lever 9 until it comes to a complete stop.
   * Lower the threading lever slowly.

4. Release the threading lever and the needle thread is threaded to the needle eye.

* Be careful that the cutter is inside.

8. When twin needle is used, the automatic needle threader can not be used.
   * Use the needle: No.11-16 and the thread: No.30-90.

1. Lower the presser foot with the presser foot lifting lever.
   * The automatic needle threader sometimes fails to thread the needle when the presser foot is raised.

2. Thread to 7 and cut the thread with the thread cutter 8.

3. Lower the threading lever 9 until it comes to a complete stop.
   * Lower the threading lever slowly.

4. Release the threading lever and the needle thread is threaded to the needle eye.

5. Lift the presser foot. Then, draw the needle thread backward. Pull out the thread from the needle eye by approx. 10 cm or 4 inches long.

* Be careful that the cutter is inside.

8. When twin needle is used, the automatic needle threader can not be used.
   * Use the needle: No.11-16 and the thread: No.30-90.

1. Lower the presser foot with the presser foot lifting lever.
   * The automatic needle threader sometimes fails to thread the needle when the presser foot is raised.

2. Thread to 7 and cut the thread with the thread cutter 8.

3. Lower the threading lever 9 until it comes to a complete stop.
   * Lower the threading lever slowly.

4. Release the threading lever and the needle thread is threaded to the needle eye.

5. Lift the presser foot. Then, draw the needle thread backward. Pull out the thread from the needle eye by approx. 10 cm or 4 inches long.
Basic operation:
You can start to sew without pulling up the bobbin thread, however, if you want to sew with the bobbin thread pulled out, follow the directions below.

1 Lift the presser foot and lightly hold the end of the needle thread.

2 Turn the hand wheel towards you to move the needle up and down. Loop of bobbin thread will be pulled out when you will pull the needle thread lightly.

3 Pull out both needle and bobbin threads by approx. 10 cm (4 inches) long and pass them under the presser foot towards the back of the machine.
4.12. How to adjust thread tension

If the thread tension is not adjusted correctly, seam balance will be lost resulting in puckering or thread breakage. Default setting is suitable for most fabrics. Adjustment may be necessary according to fabrics and sewing applications.

Press .

Adjust the thread tension by pressing the icon. (Setting range: -5.0 - 5.0)

The needle thread tension is decreased. The needle thread tension is increased.

The needle thread tension can also be adjusted by sliding the slide bar to the right or left.

The needle thread tension will be returned to its initial value by pressing the blue frame.

The set value is confirmed by pressing .

* If a new pattern is selected, the set value will be returned to the initial value.
**Well-balanced thread tension**

*<In the case of straight stitch>*
The needle thread and the bobbin thread interlace with each other approximately at the middle of material thickness.

1. Needle thread  
2. Bobbin thread  
3. Fabric (right side)  
4. Fabric (wrong side)  
5. Middle of the fabric thickness

*<In the case of zigzag stitch>*
The needle thread is pulled a little bit to the wrong side of material.

**When the needle thread is too strong**
The bobbin thread will be pulled to the front side of the fabric.

< Turn the thread tension adjustment button towards “-1” to “-5”.

**When the needle thread is too low**
The needle thread will be pulled to the wrong side of fabric.

> Turn the thread tension adjustment button towards “+1” to “+5”.
4.13. Setting the presser foot pressure

Set the presser foot pressure by pressing the icon.

(Setting range: 0 - 5)

Set the presser foot pressure to “3.6” (initial value) in the case of standard stitching.
Set the presser foot pressure to a smaller value (decrease the presser foot pressure) in the case of sewing light-weight synthetic materials or elastic materials, and sewing applique, quilt and curve sections of materials, since in that case uneven material feed is likely to occur.

The presser foot pressure is decreased. The presser foot pressure is increased.

The presser foot pressure will be returned to its initial value by pressing the blue frame.

The presser foot pressure can also be adjusted by sliding the slide bar to the right or left.

The set value is confirmed by pressing .
4.14. Setting the micro-lifter

It is possible to sew the material with the presser foot slightly lifted according to the material thickness. The micro-lifter function is used for sewing materials such as quilt and velvet that are likely to cause uneven material feed.

Press \[ \text{U} \].

Adjust the presser foot height on the “presser foot presser setting screen”.

Set the presser foot height to be employed by the micro-lifter function by pressing the icon.  
(Setting range: -2.5 - 0)

In the case it is not necessary to slightly lift the presser foot during sewing, set the presser foot height for the micro-lifter function to “0”.  
Adjust the presser foot to the height at which the presser foot appropriately clamp the material by pressing \[ \text{<} \text{> } \].  
The larger the negative set value becomes, the higher the presser foot can be lifted.

Place the material (for trial stitching) that is the same with the material to be actually sewn. Then, adjust the presser foot height and carry out trial stitching.  
Be aware, if the presser foot is lifted excessively during sewing, the material cannot be fed resulting in thread entanglement.

The set value is confirmed by pressing \[ \text{ } \text{ } \text{ } \].
4.15. Twin needle sewing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pattern No.</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>001, 004, 005, 009<del>016, 018, 020, 271</del>273, 280, 281, 286~288</td>
<td>Standard presser foot (A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

By using two needles beautiful decorative stitches can be sewn.

■ Changing the needle

1 Change the needle to the twin needle.

Make sure to use a twin needle with size of 2.0 mm.
* The twin needle is separately available.

2.0 mm

■ How to thread the needles

1 Place the supplementary spool pin.

2 Thread to the thread guide A first. After that, thread paths are same up from B to E. 
* When twin needle sewing, make sure to use thread size smaller than No. 60.

3 Do not thread H for right-hand needle.

4 Thread to right-hand and left-hand needles separately.
* Automatic needle threader can not be used. Thread each needle manually.
* Automatic thread trimmer can not be used in case of twin needle sewing.
Setting of twin needle sewing

Caution:
When carrying out the twin needle stitching, it is necessary to set the twin needle before selecting a pattern.

Press .

Press .

Press .

The set value is confirmed by pressing .

Twin needle is set.
In the case the twin needle is set, the zigzag width will be limited to 5 mm at the maximum.

Relation between the needle and the stitch

* The sewing speed is slightly decreased.
* In this case, patterns that are stored in memory cannot be sewn.
* The automatic thread trimmer does not operate.

Selecting the pattern that is suitable for the twin needle sewing

In the case the twin needle is set, the patterns that can be sewn with the twin needle will be displayed.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>001</th>
<th>004</th>
<th>005</th>
<th>009</th>
<th>010</th>
<th>011</th>
<th>012</th>
<th>013</th>
<th>014</th>
<th>015</th>
<th>016</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>018</th>
<th>020</th>
<th>271</th>
<th>272</th>
<th>273</th>
<th>280</th>
<th>281</th>
<th>286</th>
<th>287</th>
<th>288</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4.16. Setting the automatic back tacking, thread trimming and presser foot lifting

The back tacking at the beginning and end of sewing and the back tacking and thread trimming / presser foot lift after thread trimming at the end of sewing can be set.

**Carry out basic setting of operations by pressing **.

The set value is confirmed by pressing **.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting for the back tacking at the beginning of sewing</th>
<th>Back tacking and thread trimming</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select one from the three types of back tacking.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF: Lock stitch</td>
<td>OFF: Thread trimming is not carried out</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVERSE: Reverse stitch</td>
<td>ON: Thread trimming is carried out</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Setting for the back tacking at the end of sewing</th>
<th>Presser foot lift after thread trimming</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select one from the three types of back tacking.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFF: Lock stitch</td>
<td>OFF: The presser foot is not lifted after thread trimming</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>REVERSE: Reverse stitch</td>
<td>ON: The presser foot is lifted after thread trimming</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Display on the touch panel**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Back tacking at the beginning of sewing</th>
<th>ON</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Back tacking at the end of sewing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back tacking and thread trimming</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presser foot lift after thread trimming</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* If a decorative pattern, etc. is set when the back tacking at the beginning and end of sewing is selected, reverse stitch will be changed over to back tacking.
Operation during sewing

1 Selecting a pattern.

2 Check the setting displayed on the screen.
   * In the case of selecting a decorative pattern, back tacking will be carried out even if \( \text{ } \) is displayed on the screen.

3 Sewing start
   Place the material at the sewing start position and begin sewing.
   In the case the back tacking at the beginning of sewing is selected, the reverse stitch button and back tacking button will not operate.

4 Sewing end
   Press the button which corresponds to the type of back tacking you have selected.
   \( \text{ } \)/\( \text{ } \)
   Even if you press the button that does not correspond to the type of back tacking you have selected, the back tacking you have selected will be carried out.
4.17. Needle positions / Zigzag width / Stitch length

■ When changing the needle position

① Press .

The adjustment item of the adjusting dial (left) will be the “needle position”.

② Change the needle position with the adjusting dial (left).
Turning to the left, the needle moves to the left.
Turning to the right, the needle moves to the right.

The leftmost end represents “0.0” The rightmost end represents “7.0”.
The needle position is represented by ▼ of .
Numeric values displayed on the screen: In mm

■ When changing the zigzag width

① Press .

The adjustment item of the adjusting dial (left) will be the “zigzag width”.

② Change the zigzag width ▲ with the adjusting dial (left).
The displayed numeric value is decreased and the zigzag width is decreased by turning the dial counterclockwise.
The displayed numeric value is increased and the zigzag width is increased by turning the dial clockwise.
The zigzag width can be adjusted while sewing.

Numeric values displayed on the screen: Measure of the zigzag width (In mm)
When changing the stitch length

Change the stitch length with the adjusting dial (right). The displayed numeric value is decreased and the stitch length is decreased by turning the dial counterclockwise. The displayed numeric value is increased and the stitch length is increased by turning the dial clockwise.

Numeric values displayed on the screen: Measure of the stitch length (In mm)
4.18. Bobbin thread counter

Details of the bobbin thread counter can be set.

The bobbin counter has been factory-set to OFF at the time of shipment.
Turn ON the bobbin counter with when you want to use it.
How to display the used amount

Press 🔄 to activate the used amount display.

Set the unit of the used amount by pressing 📏 🡱.

1) Inputting the bobbin winding amount
- In the case of inputting the measure of the amount of thread to be wound on a bobbin
  Find the measure of the amount of thread to be wound on a bobbin according to the type and thickness of thread, and set the appropriate numeric value.
- In the case of inputting the measured amount of thread
  Set the amount of thread to be wound on a bobbin using the numeric value you have measured.

2) Inputting the ratio of thread amount remaining on a bobbin with respect to the fully-wound amount
Estimate the amount of bobbin thread remaining on a bobbin. Input the remaining thread amount in %.
(In the case the bobbin is fully wound with thread, the percentage will be “100 %.”)

The set value is confirmed by pressing ✔.

The amount of thread remaining on the bobbin is displayed on the bobbin thread counter icon (in %).
When the ratio of thread remaining on the bobbin becomes 20 % or less, the percentage is displayed in red.

The table given below indicates the amount of thread fully wound on the bobbin when the bobbin thread counter is used. Use this table as the measure.
* This table should be used for reference since the amount of thread to be wound on a bobbin may change according to the type of thread to be used.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>#30</th>
<th>#50</th>
<th>#60</th>
<th>#80 - #90</th>
<th>#100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyester</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spun</td>
<td>30m</td>
<td>50m</td>
<td>60m</td>
<td>70m</td>
<td>80m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>33yd</td>
<td>55yd</td>
<td>66yd</td>
<td>77yd</td>
<td>87yd</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyester</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filament</td>
<td>30m</td>
<td>70m</td>
<td>90m</td>
<td>100m</td>
<td>150m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>33yd</td>
<td>77yd</td>
<td>98yd</td>
<td>109yd</td>
<td>164yd</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How to measure the amount of thread wound on a bobbin

Press 📏 to activate the measured amount display.

Set the unit of measured amount of thread by pressing 📏 🡱.

The set value is confirmed by pressing ✔.

Start measuring using the bobbin that is fully wound with thread (i.e., 100 %)

The amount of thread used is displayed on the bobbin thread counter icon.

The amount of thread displayed on the bobbin counter icon when the bobbin runs out of thread represents the full amount of thread to be wound on a bobbin.
4.19. Setting the stop position of needle

It is possible to set the position of the needle (upper or lower position) at the time of stopping the sewing machine.

- : The sewing machine stops with its needle down
- : The sewing machine stops with its needle up

* In the case the “upper stop position” (the sewing machine stops with its needle up) is selected, the pivot function will be automatically turned OFF.

4.20. Pivot setting

It is possible to set so that the presser foot goes up while the needle is kept at the lower position at the time of stopping the sewing machine.

- : ON
- : OFF

When is pressed, the setting screen is displayed.

- **Setting the ON / OFF of the pivot function**
  - : ON
  - : OFF

- **Setting the pivot height**
  Adjust the pivot height with .
  The set value is confirmed by pressing .
4.21. How to lower the feed dog

Lift and lower the feed dog by pressing 🔄.

- : Feed Dog is engaged
- : Feed Dog is disengaged

* In the case the feed dog has been lowered, it has to be lifted by pressing the relevant icon after the completion of sewing. The feed dog will be engaged automatically when the machine starts to sew.
# 5. Operation in detail

## 5.1. Options

### Options setting screen

It is possible to change the setting of optional functions (14 different kinds). The changed setting is retained even if the power to the sewing machine is re-turned ON. Initialize the setting with 🛠️ when you want to reset the optional function setting to its initial value.

### Type of options

<p>| | | | | | | | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Standard thread tension setting</td>
<td>The machine can be set to the standard thread tension setting.</td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Presser foot lifting height</td>
<td>The machine can be set to the presser foot lifting amount.</td>
<td>6mm</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Screen to set the functions while presser foot is up</td>
<td>It is possible to set the operation that can be carried out even when the presser foot is lifted.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Foot switch functions</td>
<td>Function can be selected for foot switch.</td>
<td>Reverse stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Start-up</td>
<td>It is possible to select whether the pattern and settings that are used immediately before re-turning the power ON, are retained or initialized.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Adjustable starting stitch speed</td>
<td>Sewing speed at sewing-start can be set.</td>
<td>Low speed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Adjustable reverse stitch speed</td>
<td>Reverse stitch speed and lock stitch speed can be set.</td>
<td>Low speed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Darning adjustment</td>
<td>Adjust the shape of stitch pattern.</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Buzzer volume setting</td>
<td>You can change the volume of buzzer when pressing the icons on touch panel.</td>
<td>Loud</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Brightness adjustment</td>
<td>Brightness of the touch panel screen and that of the sewing area are adjustable.</td>
<td>50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Selecting language</td>
<td>You can choose one out of nine languages or pictograph.</td>
<td>(Depending on destination)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Initialization / deletion of the settings</td>
<td>It is possible to reset all of the settings to their initial values or deleted them.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Firmware update</td>
<td>It is possible to update the firmware.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Machine log</td>
<td>You can check the log of the machine.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
① **Standard thread tension setting**

The machine can be set to the standard thread tension setting.
* Initial value has been factory-set to “0.0”.

Press [ ].

Change the thread tension.
(Set range: -5.0 - 5.0)

- The needle thread tension is decreased.
- The needle thread tension is increased.

The needle thread tension can also be adjusted by sliding the slide bar to the right or left.

The set value is confirmed by pressing [ ].

② **Presser foot lifting height**

The machine can be set to the presser foot lifting amount.
* Initial value has been factory-set to “6mm”.

Press [ ].

Select the presser foot lifting amount.

The set value is confirmed by pressing [ ].
③ Screen to set the functions while presser foot is up

It is possible to set the operation that can be carried out even when the presser foot is lifted. The operation you have set can be carried out after the presser foot is automatically lowered even if the presser foot is in its upper position. (Except for lifting / lowering of the needle).
* All of the initial values have been factory-set to “OFF”.

Press [ ] .

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Function</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>ON</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Start</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foot pedal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reverse stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lock stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lifting / lowering of the needle</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thread trimming</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The set value is confirmed by pressing [✓] .
4 Foot switch functions

Function can be selected for foot switch.
* Initial value has been factory-set to “Reverse stitch”.

Press .

Reverse stitch
Lifting / lowering of presser foot
Lock stitch
Thread trimming
Half stitch sewing
No function
One stitch sewing

The set value is confirmed by pressing .

* If the foot switch function is set to “reverse stitch” or “lock stitch” while automatic back tacking, thread trimming and presser foot lifting have been set, it is possible to carry out back tacking, thread trimming and presser foot lifting at the end of sewing.

5 Start-up

It is possible to select whether the pattern and settings that are used immediately before re-turning the power ON, are retained or initialized.
* Initial value has been factory-set to “Initialize the pattern”.

Press .

: Initialize the pattern
: Retain the pattern that is used immediately before

The set value is confirmed by pressing .
(Refer to page 17)
6 Adjustable starting stitch speed

Sewing speed at sewing-start can be set.
* Initial value has been factory-set to “Low speed”.

Press.

- : Low speed
- : Standard
- : High speed

The set value is confirmed by pressing.

7 Adjustable reverse stitch speed

Reverse stitch speed and lock stitch speed can be set.
* Initial value has been factory-set to “Low speed”.

Press.

- : Low speed
- : Standard
- : High speed

The set value is confirmed by pressing.
8 Darning adjustment

Adjust the shape of stitch pattern.
Adjustable range: -20 - 20
Check the longitudinal balance of feed when you want to sew a pattern beautifully, or having changed the material, thread or interlining.
This adjustment value reflects all patterns.

Press 🔄.

Try trial sewing, adjust while checking the pattern.
The set value is confirmed by pressing ✔️.

○ Correct shape ✗ When right side is higher than left side ✗ When right side is lower than left side

Carry out the adjustment while conducting test sewing by pressing ➤.
Carry out the adjustment while conducting test sewing by pressing ◄.
Buzzer volume setting

You can change the volume of buzzer when pressing the icons on touch panel.
* Initial value has been factory-set to “Loud”.

Press \[ \text{Mute} \]

\[ \text{Low} \]

\[ \text{Loud} \]

The set value is confirmed by pressing \[ \checkmark \].

Brightness adjustment

Brightness of the touch panel screen and that of the sewing area are adjustable.
Setting range: 0 - 100
* Initial value has been factory-set to “50”.

Press \[ \text{Brightness of the touch panel} \]

\[ \text{Brightness of the sewing area} \]

Darkened Brightened

The brightness will be returned to its initial value by pressing the blue frame.

The brightness can also be adjusted by sliding the slide bar to the right or left.

The lighting for the sewing area can be turned OFF.

\[ \text{ON} \]

\[ \text{OFF} \]

The set value is confirmed by pressing \[ \checkmark \].
11 Selecting language

You can choose one out of nine languages or pictograph.
* Default setting is depending on destination.

Press 🗣️.

Select the language you want to use for display.
The set value is confirmed by pressing ✅.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Language</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>Español</td>
<td>Italian</td>
<td>Français</td>
<td>Nederlands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>English</td>
<td>Spanish</td>
<td>Italian</td>
<td>French</td>
<td>Dutch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russian</td>
<td>Danish</td>
<td>Japanese</td>
<td>Pictograph</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12 Initialization / deletion of the settings

It is possible to reset all of the settings to their initial values or deleted them.

Press 🗑️.

- 🗑️: Initialize the optional setting
- 🗑️: Delete all of the user memory

All of the optional settings are initialized by pressing 🗑️, then ✅.
All of the user memory is initialized by pressing 🗑️, the ✅.
13 Firmware update

It is possible to update the firmware.
Contact your distributor if you have any question about the software.

⚠️ When you update the software with a USB thumb drive, so sure to save only the latest update file on it.
If any other data or earlier version of update file are included, the software cannot be updated properly.

⚠️ Do not turn the power OFF during the update work.

1. Saving the backup data

Press \[\text{⑫} \]

Insert USB thumb drive \(\text{②}\) which contains no data or contains only the update file into USB slot \(\text{①}\).

Caution:
In the case of using a USB that is provided with an access indicator, the access indicator will start blinking for five to six seconds when the USB thumb drive is inserted into the USB slot of your PC or sewing machine until it is recognized.
(The time required until the USB thumb drive is recognized differs with the type of USB thumb drive.)

Press \[\text{⑫} \]

Backup data is saved on the USB thumb drive.
2. Updating the software

Press \[\begin{array}{c}
\text{Select Image}
\end{array}\] .

The latest update file is downloaded to the sewing machine.

Caution:
If write progress bar ③ does not move for three minutes or more, update may have failed.
In such a case, turn OFF the power to the sewing machine.
Remove the USB thumb drive. Then, re-turn ON the power to the sewing machine.

In the case the software updating has failed, the software update screen will be displayed immediately after re-turning the power ON.
Carry out updating of the software on this screen again.

When the software is updated properly, the message “Update complete” is displayed on the screen.
Remove the USB thumb drive and turn OFF the power to the sewing machine. Then, re-turn ON the power to the sewing machine.

3. Loading the backup data

Settings are retained after updating the software. If the settings are totally initialized through the software updating procedure, the settings can be retrieved by loading the backup data.
**14 Machine log**

You can check the log of the machine.

Press ⑭ .

The sewing machine log is displayed.
- Accumulated number of stitches
- Accumulated number of times of thread trimming
- Accumulated operating time
- Accumulated energizing time
- The latest two errors history

● Saving the service data

Insert thumb drive ❷ which contains no data or contains only into USB slot ❶ .

Press ⑭ .

The service data is stored on the USB thumb drive.
5.2. Operation guide

Explanations of the 10 major operation items are displayed.

① Operation Buttons  ⑥ Changing Needle
② Touch Panel  ⑦ Changing Presser Foot
③ Operation Keys and Adjusting Dials  ⑧ "JUKI Smart Feed"
④ Preparing Bobbin Thread  ⑨ Changing Throat Plate and Feed Dog
⑤ Preparing Needle Thread  ⑩ Maintenance

5.3. Lock mode

If the sewing machine is put in the lock mode with the lock key, operation of all operating button, operating keys touch panel will be disabled. In addition, the sewing machine itself will also be disabled.

The power to the sewing machine should be turned OFF for the sake of safety when changing the presser foot, changing the throat plate and feed dog, changing the needle or taking care of the sewing machine. However, those kinds of work can be carried out while retaining the current settings of the sewing machine by putting the sewing machine in the lock mode.

Press the lock key to put the sewing machine in the lock mode.
Keep the lock key held pressed for one second to cancel the lock mode.
When turning off the machine, lock mode is disengaged.

5.4. “Return” operation

It is possible to return the screen to the previous one during the touch panel operation.
In the case the combination stitching is set, the selected pattern can be deleted.

5.5. “Clear” operation

The setting you have changed can be returned to the previous value.
6. Setting for the pattern sewing

6.1. Single stitching mode / combination stitching mode

   * Some of the patterns cannot be sewn according to the mode selected.

6.1.1. Single stitching mode

   The single stitching mode is used for sewing a single pattern without combining it with other patterns.

(1) Selecting a pattern (letter)

   Press .

   Select the pattern you want to sew by pressing the icon corresponding to that pattern.

6.1.2. Combination stitching mode

   The combination stitching mode is used for sewing two or more patterns in combination. As many as 70 pieces of patterns can be combined.

(1) Selecting and combining the patterns (letters)

   (Example: JUKI♥)

   1. Press .

   2. Press , then .
3. Press the icon. Type “JUKI”.

Page can be scrolled with 

The group of patterns can be displayed in full screen with 

< Full-screen display >

4. Press , then .

5. Press .
Combine a pattern (letter) with another pattern (letter) while inserting one of the following patterns between them.

- Pattern No.258 (2.5)
- Pattern No.259 (2.5)
- (Small space)
- (Large space)
In the case of adding a pattern (letter) using the pattern display

1. Select “J” with ▲.
2. Press J.

In the case of adding a pattern (letter) using the full-screen display

1. Select “J” with ▲.
2. Press J.

In the case of adding a pattern (letter) between the patterns

(Example: J ♥ U K I)

(Example: J ♥ U K I ♥)

In the case of adding a pattern (letter) using the pattern display

1. Select “J” with ▲.
2. Press ▲ again. (Color of ▲ is paled out.)
3. Press J.

In the case of adding a pattern (letter) using the full-screen display

1. Select “J” with ▲.
2. Press ▲ again. (Color of ▲ is paled out.)
3. Press J.

In the case of prepending a pattern (letter) at the beginning of the patterns

(Example: ♥ J U K I ♥)

(Example: ♥ J U K I ♥)

In the case of adding a pattern (letter) using the pattern display

1. Select “J” with ▲.
2. Press ▲ again. (Color of ▲ is paled out.)
3. Press J.

In the case of adding a pattern (letter) using the full-screen display

1. Select “J” with ▲.
2. Press ▲ again. (Color of ▲ is paled out.)
3. Press J.
(4) Deleting a pattern (letter)

(Example: ♥JUKI♥ ⇒ ♥JUKI ♥)

■ In the case of deleting a pattern (letter) using the pattern display

1. Select the pattern you want to delete with 🔄 ↓. The selected pattern is highlighted in green.
2. Press ◯ .

■ In the case of deleting a pattern (letter) using the full-screen display

1. Select the pattern you want to delete with ◄ ► . The selected pattern is enclosed in □ .
2. Press ◯ .

■ In the case of deleting a pattern (letter) on the pattern edit screen

1. Press ◄ ► .
2. Select the pattern you want to delete with 🔄 ↓ . The selected pattern is highlighted in green.
3. Press ◯ .

* Press ◄ ◄ then ◯ . Now, you can delete the combined patterns collectively by pressing ◯ .
6.1.3. Setting for the repetition stitching

The setting is changed over by pressing the icon.

- **In the case of the single stitching mode**
  - : The pattern is sewn in repetition (continuously)
    - (Initial setting)
  - : One stitch is sewn
  - : One cycle is sewn

- **In the case of the combination stitching mode**
  - : Selected pattern or selected combination of patterns is sewn once. (Initial setting)
  - : Selected pattern or selected combination of patterns is sewn continuously.
6.2. How to select a stitch pattern

☆ There are 351 types of stitch patterns.  
☆ When turning on the machine, the straight stitch of the center needle position is chosen automatically.

Select the pattern by pressing the icon.

The group of pattern can be displayed in full screen with the selection screen extension tab.

The page can be scrolled with the page changeover icon.

### 6.2.1. Practical patterns

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Refer to page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>001</td>
<td>Center needle position</td>
<td></td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>002</td>
<td>Piecing 7mm</td>
<td>Straight stitch</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>003</td>
<td>Piecing 1/4”</td>
<td></td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>004</td>
<td>Zigzag stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>005</td>
<td>Denser zigzag</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>006</td>
<td>Blanket</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>007</td>
<td>Over casting stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>008</td>
<td>Blind stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>009</td>
<td>Straight reinforced stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Refer to page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>010</td>
<td>Left needle position</td>
<td>Straight stitch</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>011</td>
<td>Back straightline stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>012</td>
<td>Center needle position</td>
<td>Straight stitch for elastic</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>013</td>
<td>Triangular zigzag stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>014</td>
<td>Right needle position</td>
<td>Zigzag stitch</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>015</td>
<td>Left needle position</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>016</td>
<td>Back zigzag stitch</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>017</td>
<td>Ornamental pattern</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>018</td>
<td>Two point zig zag</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No.</td>
<td>Pattern</td>
<td>Application</td>
<td>Refer to page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>019</td>
<td>Triple standard zigzag</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>020</td>
<td>Three point zig zag</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>021</td>
<td>Butting stitch</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>022</td>
<td>Overcasting stitch</td>
<td>89</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>023</td>
<td>Overcasting stitch</td>
<td>89</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Used for lightweight material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>024</td>
<td>Overcasting stitch</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>025</td>
<td>Overcasting stitch</td>
<td>89</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Used for flexible material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>026</td>
<td>Ornamental pattern</td>
<td>-</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>027</td>
<td>Blind stitch</td>
<td>90</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Used for lightweight material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>028</td>
<td>Blind stitch</td>
<td>90</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Used for flexible material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>029</td>
<td>Shell tuck</td>
<td>93</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>030</td>
<td>Bar tack</td>
<td>94</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>031</td>
<td>Bar tack (Memory)</td>
<td>94</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>* Size of bartacking you have sewn once can be stored in memory.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Select the folder. Then, select the pattern you want to sew from the folder.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>198</td>
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<td>209</td>
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<td>243</td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>260</td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>199</td>
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<td>210</td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>244</td>
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<td>261</td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<td><img src="image13" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<td><img src="image16" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<td>202</td>
<td><img src="image17" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>213</td>
<td><img src="image18" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>247</td>
<td><img src="image19" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>264</td>
<td><img src="image20" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>203</td>
<td><img src="image21" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>214</td>
<td><img src="image22" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>248</td>
<td><img src="image23" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>265</td>
<td><img src="image24" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<td>249</td>
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<td>266</td>
<td><img src="image28" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>205</td>
<td><img src="image29" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>216</td>
<td><img src="image30" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>250</td>
<td><img src="image31" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>267</td>
<td><img src="image32" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<tr>
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<td><img src="image33" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>217</td>
<td><img src="image34" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>251</td>
<td><img src="image35" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>268</td>
<td><img src="image36" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>207</td>
<td><img src="image37" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>218</td>
<td><img src="image38" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>252</td>
<td><img src="image39" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>269</td>
<td><img src="image40" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>208</td>
<td><img src="image41" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>219</td>
<td><img src="image42" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>253</td>
<td><img src="image43" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>270</td>
<td><img src="image44" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>209</td>
<td><img src="image45" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>220</td>
<td><img src="image46" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>254</td>
<td><img src="image47" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>271</td>
<td><img src="image48" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>210</td>
<td><img src="image49" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>221</td>
<td><img src="image50" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>255</td>
<td><img src="image51" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>272</td>
<td><img src="image52" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>211</td>
<td><img src="image53" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>222</td>
<td><img src="image54" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>256</td>
<td><img src="image55" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>273</td>
<td><img src="image56" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<td><img src="image59" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>274</td>
<td><img src="image60" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>213</td>
<td><img src="image61" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>224</td>
<td><img src="image62" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>258</td>
<td><img src="image63" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>275</td>
<td><img src="image64" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>214</td>
<td><img src="image65" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>225</td>
<td><img src="image66" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>259</td>
<td><img src="image67" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>276</td>
<td><img src="image68" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Select the folder. Then, select the pattern you want to sew from the folder.
### 6.2.4. Buttonhole patterns

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Refer to page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>401</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Standard buttonholes</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>402</td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>2-step buttonhole</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>403</td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>2-step buttonhole (Memory) * It is possible to store the size of buttonhole you have sewn once in memory.</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>404</td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Standard buttonholes</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>405</td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Standard buttonholes</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>406</td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Decorative</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>407</td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td></td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>408</td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Rounded end</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>409</td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td></td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>410</td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Keyhole buttonholes</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>411</td>
<td><img src="image11" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>For knit</td>
<td>104</td>
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<tr>
<td>412</td>
<td><img src="image12" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<td>414</td>
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<tr>
<td>415</td>
<td><img src="image15" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>416</td>
<td><img src="image16" alt="Pattern" /></td>
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<tr>
<td>417</td>
<td><img src="image17" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td></td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>418</td>
<td><img src="image18" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Decorative</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>419</td>
<td><img src="image19" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Decorative</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420</td>
<td><img src="image20" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td></td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>421</td>
<td><img src="image21" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Basting stitch for buttonholing</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>422</td>
<td><img src="image22" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Button sewing</td>
<td>112</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Select the type of letter (font).

- **A**: Capital changeover icon
- **a**: Small letter changeover icon
- **AA**: Umlaut changeover icon
- **11**: Number / sign changeover icon
- **ああ/アア**: Hiragana/Katakana/Kanji (Chinese character) /Numeric changeover icon
- **∥/°**: Horizontal/vertical writing changeover icon
- **"/°**: Upper case /Lower case changeover icon

Select the letter.
6.2.6. User memory

It is possible to store the combinations of patterns and the set values in memory. There are 10 folders in total for saving.

(1) Save

1. Press \[\text{Save}\] , then \[\text{Save Pattern}\] .

2. Press the icon corresponding to the folder in which you want to save the data.
   - \([\text{pattern}]\) means there exists already a pattern.
   - \([\text{empty}]\) means empty and available for saving pattern.

   The pattern is saved by pressing \[\checkmark\] .

(2) Call

1. Press \[\text{Call}\] , then \[\text{Call Pattern}\] .

2. Press the icon corresponding to the folder which contains the pattern you want to call.

   The pattern is called by pressing \[\checkmark\] .
(3) Deletion

1. Press \[\text{mode} \] button, then \[\text{delete} \] button.

2. Press the icon corresponding to the folder which contains the pattern you want to delete.
   Press \[\text{delete} \] button.

3. The pattern is deleted by pressing \[\text{delete} \] button.

6.2.7. How to select the pattern by selecting its number

1. Press \[\text{No} \] button.
2. Select the pattern by inputting its pattern number.
3. The pattern you select is displayed by pressing \[\text{select} \] button.
6.3. Types of edit functions and how to use them

6.3.1. Adjusting the darning

The darning pattern may be deformed according to the type and thickness of material, type of adhesive interlining and sewing speed. Before starting sewing of the pattern, trial stitching should be carried out under the same sewing condition as the actual sewing to check whether the pattern is correctly sewn. If it is found that the pattern is deformed during trial stitching, adjust the sewing condition as described below.

(1) Adjusting the darning of a pattern

In the case the selected pattern is found to be deformed during trial stitching…

1. Press .

2. Press .

3. The darning adjustment screen is displayed.

○ Correct shape  × When right side is higher than left side  × When right side is lower than left side

Carry out adjustment until the correct-in-shape pattern can be sewn. Then, finish adjustment. The set value is confirmed by pressing .
(2) Adjusting the darning of combined patterns

In the case the selected pattern is found to be deformed during trial stitching…

1. Press 
2. Press 
3. The darning adjustment screen is displayed.

○ Correct shape × When right side is higher than left side

× When right side is lower than left side

Carry out adjustment until the correct-in-shape pattern can be sewn. Then, finish adjustment. The set value is confirmed by pressing .

Carry out the adjustment while conducting test sewing by pressing .

Carry out the adjustment while conducting test sewing by pressing .
6.3.2. Pattern inversion

Invert the pattern. Then, press 

(1) Horizontal inversion

Press \ when you want to sew a horizontally-inverted pattern.

The horizontally inverted pattern is displayed.

(2) Vertical inversion

Press \ when you want to sew a vertically-inverted pattern.

The vertically inverted pattern is displayed.

* Horizontal inversion and vertical inversion are not applicable to some patterns.
* It is also possible to “vertically invert the horizontally-inverted pattern” or “horizontally invert the vertically-inverted pattern”.
6.3.3. Changing the elongation size

The pattern length can be changed without changing the stitch density of a pattern.

Patterns that can be elongated

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>271</th>
<th>272</th>
<th>273</th>
<th>274</th>
<th>275</th>
<th>276</th>
<th>277</th>
<th>278</th>
<th>279</th>
<th>280</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>281</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>283</td>
<td>284</td>
<td>285</td>
<td>286</td>
<td>287</td>
<td>288</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>290</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Setting range: “×1” - “×5”

* Initial value has been factory-set to “×1”.

1. Invert the pattern. Then, press .

2. Press .

3. Select the elongation size.

The elongation size will be returned to its initial value by pressing the blue frame.

The initial value is also restored by pressing .

The set value is confirmed by pressing .
6.3.4. Changing the tapering size

Refer to page 102 for details.

6.3.5. Selecting the combined patterns collectively

Press this icon when you want to collectively select all of the combined patterns.

6.3.6. Deletion

Press this icon when you want to delete the combined patterns.

Press \( \text{ } \). Then, press \( \text{ } \). Now, all of the combined patterns can be collectively deleted by pressing \( \text{ } \).

6.3.7. Setting the interval between patterns

Press this icon to decrease the interval between patterns.

To return the interval between patterns to the standard one, press this icon again.

In the standard setting, lock stitch is set at the end of the pattern. If you decrease the stitching interval, the lock stitch will be omitted.

6.3.8. Change of seam width of buttonhole

Refer to page 108 for details.
7. Sewing

7.1. Straight stitch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>001</td>
<td></td>
<td>Standard presser foot (A)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode

- **Sewing start**
  Pull the needle and bobbin threads under the presser foot to the rear of the machine and lower the presser foot to start sewing.

- **Screen to set the functions while presser foot is up**
  It is possible to start sewing even if the presser foot is lifted. (Refer to page 52)

- **Adjustable starting stitch speed**
  Sewing speed at sewing-start can be set. (Refer to page 54)

- **When sewing the edge of thick fabrics**
  Turn the hand wheel and let the needle enter at the position of sewing start. Push the black button A by finger and lower the presser foot. Release the finger from the black button and start sewing. When the presser foot will be on the fabric completely, the black button will be disengaged automatically.
When changing the sewing direction

1. Stop the sewing machine when the position for changing the direction of sewing is reached.
2. If the needle is not penetrated into the material at that position, press the needle up/down button to allow the needle to penetrate into the material. Then, lift the presser foot.
   * The sewing machine has been factory-set at the time of shipment, so that the needle penetrates into the material when the sewing machine is stopped.
3. Change the direction of sewing with the needle penetrated into the material. Then, lower the presser foot and start sewing.

Changing over the needle stop position

It is possible to change the stop position to which the needle is brought when the sewing machine is stopped.

- : The sewing machine stops with its needle up
- : The sewing machine stops with its needle down

Presser foot pivot function

You can select the setting where the presser foot goes up with the needle held in the needle-down stop position when you stop the sewing machine.

- : Pivot function is ON
- : Pivot function is OFF
- **Sewing end**
  Stop the sewing machine.

- **Thread trimming**
  
  <Using the thread trimming button>
  Press the thread trimming button to trim the thread. Lift the presser foot and remove the material from the sewing machine.

  **Notes for thread trimming:**
  1. Do not use thread thicker than No.30.
  2. After trimming, the stitch can be done without pulling up bobbin thread.
  3. When sewing again after thread trimming, if you pull up the bobbin thread again and place it underneath the presser foot together with needle thread, you can avoid birds nest on the wrong side of the fabric.
  4. Regularly clean the machine (refer to page 119), as dust in the area of the thread trimming unit may cause malfunction.

  <Using the foot switch>

  ![Foot switch functions](image)
  Foot switch functions
  It is possible to set so as to trim the thread by pressing the foot switch. (Refer to page 53)

  Press the foot switch to trim the thread.

  <Using the thread cutter>
  Lift the needle and lift the presser foot. In this state, it is possible to trim the thread with thread trimmer that is mounted on the face plate cover.

  ![Presser foot lift after trimming setting](image)
  Presser foot lift after trimming setting
  It is possible to set so that the presser foot goes up automatically after thread trimming. (Refer to page 42)
Reverse stitch

Use the reverse stitch button when you want to carry out back tacking (reverse stitching) at the beginning and end of sewing.

Foot switch functions

It is possible to set so as to carry out reverse stitching as long as the reverse stitch button is held pressed. (Refer to page 53)

<When start/stop button is used>
The sewing machine carries out reverse stitching as long as the reverse stitch button is held pressed, and stops the sewing when the reverse stitch button is released.

<When foot controller is used>
The sewing machine carries out reverse stitching as long as the reverse stitch button is held pressed, and sews the material in the forward direction when the reverse stitch button is released.
In the case of sewing one-point stitches or letters, the sewing machine stops after the completion of lock stitches.

Adjustable reverse stitch speed

Reverse stitch speed and lock stitch speed can be set. (Refer to page 54)

Setting the automatic back tacking, thread trimming and presser foot lifting

The back tacking at the beginning and end of sewing and the back tacking and thread trimming / presser foot lift after thread trimming at the end of sewing can be set. (Refer to page 42)
■ Lock stitch

Use the lock stitch button when you want to carry out discreet back tacking (lock stitching) at the beginning and end of sewing.

★ Sewing start

Press the lock stitch button at the position you want to carry out lock stitching.
The sewing machine carries out lock stitching and stops.

Foot switch functions

It is possible to set so as to carry out lock stitching by pressing the foot switch. (Refer to page 53)

★ Sewing end

<When start/stop button is used>

Press the lock stitch button at the end of sewing.
The sewing machine sews lock stitches and stops.

<When foot controller is used>

Press the foot switch when the end of sewing is reached.
The sewing machine sews lock stitches and stops.

* When you push the button while sewing one-point stitches or letters, the sewing machine sews until one cycle of the selected pattern is completed, sews lock stitches and stops. The start/stop button lights up in orange during the one cycle.

Adjustable reverse stitch speed

Reverse stitch speed and lock stitch speed can be set. (Refer to page 54)

Setting the automatic back tacking, thread trimming and presser foot lifting

The back tacking at the beginning and end of sewing and the back tacking and thread trimming / presser foot lift after thread trimming at the end of sewing can be set. (Refer to page 42)
7.2. Inserting zippers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>001</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Zipper presser foot (B)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Make sure to use center needle position (Stitch pattern No. 001).

1. **Attach the zipper presser foot (B) to the machine.**

   When sewing the left side of the zipper, place the zipper under the right portion ❶ of the zipper presser foot.
   When sewing the right side of the zipper, place the zipper under the left portion ❷ of the foot.

2. **Continue sewing until the top end of the slider is reached.** Then, move the slider away from you, and continue sewing until the end of zippers is reached.
7.3. Patchwork piecing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>002</td>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>7 mm (1/4&quot;)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>003</td>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To sew pieces of cloth together is called piecing in patchwork.

In the case of piecing, set the seam allowance generally to 7 mm or 1.4 inches for sewing.

1. **Cut the fabric with seam allowance.**

2. **Align the right end of the presser foot and the edge of the fabric and sew.**

   The needle will enter 7 mm (1/4") from the edge of the fabric, so the seam allowance of 7 mm (1/4") can be sewn.

⚠️ *Leave the machine in Lock mode*
7.4. Overcasting stitch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>007</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Overcasting presser foot (C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>022</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>![Alert] Leave the machine in Lock mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>023</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Lightweight material</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This stitch is used to prevent the edge of fabric from fraying.

Push the fabric towards the guide and sew. If the fabric and guide are apart, it will not make a nice stitch formation. Make sure to guide the fabric along the guide and sew slowly.

* Before sewing, make sure to check that the needle will not hit the presser foot.
7.5. Blind stitch

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>008</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Blind stitch presser foot (D)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>030</td>
<td>Lightweight material</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>031</td>
<td>Stretchy fabrics</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode

## Folding fabrics

1. **Sewing overcasting stitches on the edge of fabric.**

   (Refer to page 89 for overcasting stitches)

   1. Fabric (wrong side)
   2. Finish line

2. **Carry out basting ❸ by hand.**

   3. 0.5 - 0.6 cm

3. **Fold from basting line.**

   Leave 0.5 to 0.6 cm.
4 Align the guide ❶ of the presser foot with the folded edge ❸. Turn the hand wheel and adjust with the zigzag width adjusting dial so that stitches reach the folded edge.

* Pay attention so that needle will not hit the presser foot.

5 Position the folded edge against the guide ❷ and sew.

6 Turn over the fabric after sewing.

Fabric (right side)
■ When changing the needle entry point

1. If the stitches reach too far beyond the folded edge

   Press the zigzag width icon.  
   Turn the adjusting dial (left) clockwise. 
   (Turn the handwheel to check the needle entry point. When adjusting, make sure the needle is in the up position.)

2. If the stitches fail to reach the folded edge

   Press the zigzag width icon.  
   Turn the adjusting dial (left) counterclockwise.  
   (Turn the handwheel to check the needle entry point. When adjusting, make sure the needle is in the up position.)
### 7.6. Shell tuck

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>032</td>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>033</td>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="Pattern" /></td>
<td><strong>⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Fold the material in the bias direction.

2. Sew the material so that the needle enters the portion that is located on the right side of the top of the folds.

3. The seashell-shaped tucking is produced.
7.7. Bartacking

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>034</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Pattern Image" /></td>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>035</td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Pattern Image" /></td>
<td>□ Leave the machine in Lock mode</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bartacking is used to reinforce the part of the seam that is likely to ravel.
* The length of the bartack is determined by pushing the reverse stitch button, but it will automatically make a u-turn when it reaches the maximum of 20 stitches.
* If the presser foot cannot be parallel to throat plate, use filler fabric or cardboard.

Example of use)

1. Place the fabric under the presser foot.
2. Pass the needle thread through the presser foot.
3. 10 cm

1. Place the fabric under the presser foot.
3 Start sewing.
Push the start/stop button and the machine starts to sew straight stitches.

Starting point

4 When it comes to the turning point push the reverse stitch button.
The machine goes back to the starting point by sewing straight stitches and then it sews zigzag stitches to the point where the reverse stitch button is pushed.

5 When the machine comes to the sewing end point, push the reverse stitch button.
The machine sews lock stitches and stops.

MEM
* No. 035 In the case of bartacking (memory)
Since the length of a bartack that is sewn for the first time is stored in memory, step of procedure 4 is not required for bartacking for the 2nd time and beyond.
If you want to change the bartack length stored in memory, any other pattern should be selected.
### 7.8. Eyelet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>038</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>039</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>040</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>041</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>042</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Pattern" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ **Leave the machine in Lock mode**

1. **Sew an eyelet.**
   
The sewing machine automatically performs lock stitching at the end of sewing and stops.

2. **Open a hole with an eyelet punch or a pair of scissors.**
   
   This hole can be used for passing a string or ribbon or as a flower hole.
7.9. Decorative stitches

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>101~290</td>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301~394</td>
<td>Letters, etc.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Refer to page 70 for the type of pattern.

⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode

#### Preparation before sewing

In order to beautifully sew a pattern on light-weight material, trial stitching is necessary while sticking a piece of interlining on the wrong side of the material.

Use an iron to attach a fusible interlining to the wrong side of fabric.

* If stitch length is excessively short, the bobbin thread may appear on the right side of material or may cause stitch gathering. Be sure to adjust the darning and carry out trial stitching.

#### How to stitch a pattern (letters)

Pass down the needle thread through the presser foot hole and draw it sideways. Place the fabric underneath the presser foot and start.

The machine will stop automatically when sewing is finished.

* Note that the sewing speed varies according to stitch patterns (letters) to be sewn.
* If the automatic thread trimmer is used while sewing, the machine starts to sew from the beginning.
* In case of condensed sewing, if the stitch length is too small, the stitches may get stuck.

#### Disposing thread ends of jump stitches

Get rid of unnecessary thread on the front side of fabric by scissors.
### 7.10. Lace / feather patterns

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>198</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Pattern 198" /></td>
<td>202</td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Pattern 202" /></td>
<td>206</td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Pattern 206" /></td>
<td>363</td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Pattern 363" /></td>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>199</td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Pattern 199" /></td>
<td>203</td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Pattern 203" /></td>
<td>207</td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Pattern 207" /></td>
<td>364</td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Pattern 364" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Pattern 200" /></td>
<td>204</td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Pattern 204" /></td>
<td>208</td>
<td><img src="image11" alt="Pattern 208" /></td>
<td>365</td>
<td><img src="image12" alt="Pattern 365" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201</td>
<td><img src="image13" alt="Pattern 201" /></td>
<td>205</td>
<td><img src="image14" alt="Pattern 205" /></td>
<td>362</td>
<td><img src="image15" alt="Pattern 362" /></td>
<td>363</td>
<td><img src="image16" alt="Pattern 363" /></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Lace- / feather-like patterns can be produced by sewing patterns in parallel.

#### How to sew a combination of patterns

- **For sewing pattern Nos. 198 and 199 in combination**
  - ① Sew the pattern No.198.
  - ② Select the pattern No. 199. Sew the pattern No. 199 while aligning the inner edge of the presser foot with the edge of the pattern (A).

- **For sewing pattern Nos. 207 and 208 in combination**
  - ① Sew the pattern No.207.
  - ② Select the pattern No. 208. Sew the pattern No. 208 while aligning the outer edge of the presser foot with the center line of the pattern (θ).

#### Example)

- No.198+199
- 200+201
- 203+202+203
- 204+205+206
- 207+208
- No. 362+362
- 363+363
- 364+364
- 365+365
7.11. Scallop stitches

This stitch is used for decorating edging on items such as table cloths, collars on blouse, etc.

1. To keep the pattern intact, leave some margin and sew on the edge of the cloth.

2. Cut the sewn fabric carefully so that stitches are not cut by the scissors.

**Elongation**

The length of the patterns can be adjusted.
(Refer to page 80)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>280</td>
<td></td>
<td>283</td>
<td></td>
<td>286</td>
<td></td>
<td>289</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>281</td>
<td></td>
<td>284</td>
<td></td>
<td>287</td>
<td></td>
<td>290</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>282</td>
<td></td>
<td>285</td>
<td></td>
<td>288</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠ Leave the machine in Lock mode

Presser foot
Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)
7.12. Random pattern

When sewing random stitch patterns, the zigzag width automatically changes by section. This means that the finished patterns provide a sense of fun.

Example)

When sewing random stitch patterns, the zigzag width automatically changes by section. This means that the finished patterns provide a sense of fun.
7.13. Tapering

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>339</td>
<td>341</td>
<td>343</td>
<td>342</td>
<td>344</td>
<td></td>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode

For the pattern Nos. 339 to 344, zigzag width gradually increases at the start of sewing the patterns and gradually decreases at the end of sewing. These patterns are used for overcasting appliqué, etc.

### How to sew the pattern

1. **Select the pattern and start the sewing machine.**
   - The zigzag width gradually increases.
   - When the preset zigzag width is reached, the sewing machine continues sewing with that zigzag width.

2. **Press the lock stitch button at the end of sewing.**
   - For the same sewing length with the start of sewing, the zigzag width gradually decreases.
   - The sewing machine sews lock stitches and automatically stops.

![Example of use)
Appliqué of a leaf](image)

Select the figure of “Size” so that the degree of angles of stitches at the joining point of the stitches at the start and end of sewing are aligned.

The more the figure of “Size” increases, the sharper angle of degree of stitches will be.
**Changing the tapering size**

It is possible to change the size of tapering sections (1, 2) according to the product you want to sew.

Setting range: “×1” - “×5”

* Initial value has been factory-set to “×3”.

1. Invert the pattern. Then, press.

2. Press.

3. Select the size of tapering.

The set value is confirmed by pressing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>391</td>
<td></td>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode

Handsewn look seams can be sewn by using a transparent thread as the needle thread.

1. Needle thread
2. Bobbin thread
7.15. Buttonhole stitches

* The buttonhole length is automatically determined only by placing a button on the buttonhole presser foot.
* The machine can sew buttonholes for buttons with diameters of 0.7 - 3.2 cm.
* In case of stretchy fabrics, use non-elastic interlining on the wrong side of the fabric.
* Make sure to perform test sewing to see that the machine sews buttonholes correctly.
* Buttonhole Nos. 414 - 417 are for knit fabrics and should be used with a knit needle.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>401</td>
<td></td>
<td>Standard buttonhole</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>402</td>
<td></td>
<td>Manual 2-step buttonhole Use this buttonhole, when there is an overlapped section in the fabric or when you want to sew larger buttonhole than 3.2 cm diameter. (Refer to page 110)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>403</td>
<td>MEM</td>
<td>Manual 2-step buttonhole (Memory) * It is possible to store the size of buttonhole you have sewn once in memory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>404</td>
<td></td>
<td>Buttonhole for heavy weight materials Stitch density is coarse. This pattern is used for coats, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>405</td>
<td></td>
<td>Sews buttonhole double</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>406</td>
<td></td>
<td>Decorative buttonholes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>407</td>
<td></td>
<td>Buttonholes for women's blouses and children's clothes. Also for light weight materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>408</td>
<td></td>
<td>Rounded end</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>409</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Application</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>410</td>
<td></td>
<td>Keyhole buttonhole for heavy weight materials such as suits, jackets, coats, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>411</td>
<td></td>
<td>Round keyhole</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>412</td>
<td></td>
<td>Large and thick keyholes for heavy weight materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>413</td>
<td></td>
<td>For sewing buttons on the front plackets of pants, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>414</td>
<td></td>
<td>Buttonhole for light weight knit (also used as decorative buttonhole)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>415</td>
<td></td>
<td>Buttonhole for medium weight knit (also used as decorative buttonhole)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>416</td>
<td></td>
<td>Buttonhole for light weight knit Sews buttonhole double</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>417</td>
<td></td>
<td>Buttonhole for medium weight knit Sews double buttonhole</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>418</td>
<td></td>
<td>Decorative buttonholes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>419</td>
<td></td>
<td>Decorative buttonhole which look like hand-sewn</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>421</td>
<td></td>
<td>Basting stitch for buttonholing (Refer to page 109)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode
1 Set the presser foot.
Lift the needle and lift the presser foot.
Align the groove ❶ of the presser foot holder with the ❷ of the presser foot and lower the presser foot holder to set.

2 Set the button.
Pull the button holder ❸ toward A, place the button on the button holder, and then push the holder toward B to set the buttonhole length.

* Check the following points after setting the presser foot and then start to sew buttonholes.

- Check that there is a clearance.
- If there is not a clearance, the machine will not sew neat stitches.

3 Set the buttonhole sensor pin ❹.
Insert the sensor pin into the sensor pin hole at the face plate cover.

* Insert the pin into the hole completely.
* If the machine starts to sew without inserting the pin into the hole, the following message will be shown on the display.

Set the sensor pin and restart.
4 Place the fabric under the presser foot.

Raise the presser foot, pass the needle thread through the hole on the presser foot ❺ and pull it out sideways.
Place the fabric under the presser foot, align the marking with the sewing-start point ❻. Penetrate the needle into the fabric by turning the hand wheel and lower the presser foot.

5 Start sewing. ❶

The machine will stop automatically after sewing the buttonhole.

* If a buttonhole of the same size will be sewn again, push the thread trimming button to trim the threads and raise the presser foot. Under this condition move to another point, lower the presser foot and then start sewing.
* Do not change stitch length and/or zigzag width during buttonholing. Otherwise this will cause imbalanced stitches.
* If thread trimming button is pushed while sewing buttonhole, the machine will stop and will not complete the buttonhole.

* Depending on material to be sewn and weaving direction of the material, there might be a slight difference in zigzag widths between right and left lines of buttonholes. Test sewing is recommended.
1. Attach the buttonhole presser foot to the presser foot holder, with the clamping plate together.
2. Place the fabric between the presser foot and the clamping plate.

* You can remove the clamping plate by holding ❸.

Unplug the sensor pin ❹ after sewing.

Opening the buttonhole using a ripper ❺.

[Double bartack]
Pierce a stopper pin ❹ at the bartack and open the buttonhole with a ripper ❺. Be careful not to cut the stitches.

[Keyhole buttonhole]
Place a cardboard under the buttonhole and make a hole with the eyelet punch ❺. Then pierce a stopper pin at the bartack and open the buttonhole with a ripper.

Leave the machine in Lock mode

It will be easier to sew buttonholes on the thin fabrics and/or near the overlapped sections, if the clamping plate is used.

1. Attach the buttonhole presser foot to the presser foot holder, with the clamping plate together.
2. Place the fabric between the presser foot and the clamping plate.
When changing the width of the buttonhole

Press the zigzag width icon. Turn the adjusting dial (left). Turn to the left
The width becomes narrow

Adjusting Dial (Left)
Narrow

Turn to the right
The width becomes wide
Wide

* The setting of the buttonhole width and stitch length will be cancelled when the power is shut down or another pattern is selected.

When changing the density of the seam

Turn the adjusting dial (right). Turn to the left
Stitch density becomes denser

Adjusting Dial (Right)
Narrow stitches

Turn to the right
Stitch density becomes more coarse
Large stitches

Change of seam width of buttonhole

The seam width of buttonhole is changeable.

* Initial value has been factory-set to “Standard”.

The set value is confirmed by pressing .
Buttonholes with gimp thread prevent the buttonholes from stretching and can make them more secure.

* A buttonhole with gimp thread should be sewn using the double bartack pattern (Pattern No.401)

1. Pass the needle thread through under the presser foot and then draw the thread to the side of the presser foot.
2. Put one end of gimp thread into the notch ❶ at the front right side of buttonhole presser foot, pull the gimp thread under the presser foot and thread it at the hook ❷ of the presser foot.
3. After threading at the hook, pull the gimp thread back under the presser foot and put it into the notch at the front left side of the presser foot firmly.
4. Bring down the needle to the sewing start point and lower the presser foot.
5. Sew the buttonhole.
6. Pull the left gimp thread to take off slack and cut excess gimp thread.

Basting stitch for buttonholing

This stitch is used as basting for Pattern No. 401 Buttonholing. It is also applicable to welt-buttonholing.
7.16. Manual 2-step buttonhole

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>402</td>
<td></td>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>403</td>
<td>MEM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode

* Refer to page 108 when you want to change the zigzag width and stitch length of a buttonhole.

1. Set the manual buttonhole presser foot (I).

2. Pass the needle thread through the hole of the presser foot ❶ and pull it out sideways together.

3. Bring down the needle on the sewing start point ❷ and lower the presser foot.

4. Push start/stop button to sew.

   * At this time, if the start/stop button is pushed, the machine will stop sewing. And if the start/stop button is pushed again, then the machine will continue to sew the left side of the buttonhole.

   Push the reverse stitch button ❹ when it reaches the necessary length ❸ of the left side of the buttonhole.

   Sew bartack and the right side of the buttonhole, then the machine sews bartack and right side of the buttonhole.
5 Push reverse stitch button when it comes to the sewing start point ❶.

6 Sew bartack and lock stitches until the machine stops automatically.
Trim the thread. Lift the presser foot. Then, remove the material from the sewing machine.

7 Pierce a stopper pin at the bartack and open the buttonhole with a ripper ❶. Be careful not to cut the stitches.

* In the case of a 2-step buttonhole, sewing direction of the left and that of the right side is different. Due to this and according to fabrics to be sewn, it may be possible that the density of each side looks different.

**MEM**

* No. 403 In the case of 2-step buttonhole (Memory)
Since the length of a buttonhole that is sewn for the first time is stored in memory, step of procedure 4 is not required for buttonhole for the 2nd time and beyond.
If you want to change the buttonhole length stored in memory, any other pattern should be selected.
7.17. Sewing buttons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>422</td>
<td></td>
<td>Manual buttonhole presser foot (I)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

⚠️ Leave the machine in Lock mode

* Do not use the automatic thread trimming function when sewing buttons.

1. Press the feed dog icon to lower the feed dog.

   - : Feed dog is engaged
   - : Feed dog is disengaged

2. Place a button under the presser foot and adjust the zigzag width according to the distance between holes in button.

3. Make sure that needle enters holes in button, by turning hand wheel manually.

4. Carry out sewing while turning the handwheel by hand.

   ⚠️ If you pull the material, the button could be moved from the correct position causing needle breakage. Buttons can be sewn without fail by using the separately-available button sewing presser foot (refer to page 120).

5. Trim needle and bobbin threads by about 10cm (4 inches) long after sewing. Make a knot to secure the stitches.
7.18. Quilting (free motion)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Pattern</th>
<th>Presser foot</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>001</td>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Quilt presser foot (for the ruler) (Q)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Be sure to sew straight stitch pattern (center stitch base).

In the case of performing free-motion stitching using a zigzag pattern, the separately-available quilt presser foot (zigzag type) and presser foot joint are necessary.

It is called free motion quilting when moving the fabrics freely towards any directions without using the feed dog of sewing machine.

Free curve seams, etc. can be produced with the feed dog lowered (drop feed) regardless of the direction of sewing (i.e., 360 degrees) by moving the material by hand.

1. Put top layer of fabric with patchwork and/or appliqué, quilting cotton and bottom fabric together by using pin or basting stitches.

2. Assemble the quilt presser foot.

   Raise the presser bar. Loosen the setscrew for presser foot holder and remove the presser foot holder ❶. (Refer to page 20)

   Set the quilting foot and tighten the setscrew ❷ for presser foot.

3. Press the feed dog icon to lower the feed dog.

   ![Image](image2.png)

   : Feed dog is engaged

   : Feed dog is disengaged

4. Place the fabric underneath the presser foot and lower the presser foot.

5. Adjust the presser foot height according to the material thickness.

   - Height of the presser foot can be changed with the presser foot screw.

   - It is also possible to adjust the presser foot height using the micro-lifter height setting function.

      Adjust the presser foot height with 

      The set value is confirmed by pressing ．

      The material can be moved smoothly with no resistance by adjusting the presser foot height to about 1 mm ❸ above the material.

   * The sewing machine is capable of sewing beautifully even multi-layered sections of material by decreasing the presser foot pressure.

---

Leave the machine in Lock mode

---
Use both hands to hold the fabrics and move it without letting it loose. The target stitch length is about 1.5 to 2.0 mm.

Press the feed dog icon to lift the feed dog after you have completed free-motion stitching.

The feed dog will be up and engaged at the same time as the machine starts to sew.

* The quilt ruler is also applicable.

**Tips**

● **How to lock stitches**
  - At sewing start, pull up the bobbin thread on the top layer of the fabric, hold both needle and bobbin threads together and sew 3 stitches on the same point. After that move fabrics as you wish. In this way, stitches on the wrong side of the fabrics look neat.
  - At sewing-end sew 3 stitches on the same point and stop.

● **How to sew stitches with the same stitch length**
  - When the foot controller is used, the fabrics can be guided by both hands and you can move the fabrics freely.
  - Set the speed controller to medium or medium low first, press the foot controller completely and move the fabrics. → if stitches become too large, set the speed controller to “faster”
  → if stitches become too small, set the speed controller to “slower”.

* The quilt ruler is also applicable.*
7.19. Quilting (quilt guide)

1. Insert the quilt guide ❷ into the groove of the presser foot holder ❶.

2. Sew while tracing the stitches with the tip of the quilt guide.

Distance between sewing lines can be adjusted freely.
8. Message catalog

* The message is turned OFF by carrying out the operation which corresponds to the message or pressing ✓.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Pictograph</th>
<th>English</th>
<th>Cause (Reason to display such messages)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Same as the left</td>
<td>When the sewing machine starts up, or when the needle moves. The needle is moved by pressing ✓. Then, the initial screen is displayed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Resume Last Pattern?</td>
<td>In the case the retaining of the previous pattern is set in the optional startup settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td><img src="image3.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Overwrite ?</td>
<td>When attempting to overwrite the existing pattern saved in a folder with another pattern.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td><img src="image4.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Same as the left</td>
<td>In the case the deletion of the pattern in the folder is attempted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td><img src="image5.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Setting completed.</td>
<td>In the case the setting of pattern is changed in the optional settings.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td><img src="image6.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Change setting. Check the needle. Delete the previously selected patterns.</td>
<td>When changing the 1-needle mode to the 2-needle mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td><img src="image7.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>Change setting. Check the needle.</td>
<td>When changing the 2-needle setting to the 1-needle setting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message</td>
<td>Pictograph</td>
<td>English</td>
<td>Cause (Reason to display such messages)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td><img src="image1.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image2.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>In the state the throat plate slips out of position / throat plate is removed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td><img src="image3.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image4.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>In the case the throat plate and feed dog for straight stitch are attached while the 2-needle setting is effective.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td><img src="image5.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image6.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed when ✓ is pressed on No. 9 screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td><img src="image7.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image8.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed when changing the 1-needle setting/standard type to the straight stitch type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td><img src="image9.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image10.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed when ✓ is pressed on No. 11 screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td><img src="image11.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image12.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed when changing the 1-needle setting/straight stitch type to the standard type.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td><img src="image13.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image14.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed when the Clear button is pressed after Select-all button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td><img src="image15.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td><img src="image16.png" alt="Image" /></td>
<td>When one of the buttonhole stitches is selected and the buttonhole sensor pin is not connected, the machine starts to sew.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Message</td>
<td>Cause (Reason to display such messages)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>----------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>When a stitch pattern other than buttonholes is selected but the buttonhole sensor pin is connected, the machine starts to sew.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed when the safety device is activated while the presser foot goes up.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed when no more data can be stored in memory.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>In the case the motor locks or the safety device works to temporarily stop the machine.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed when “delete all settings” is selected from the optional functions.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed during external communication (with USB thumb drive etc.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed during internal communication (for saving data)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>This pictograph is displayed when “JUKI Smart Feed” detection sensor detects while the pattern which cannot be sewn with “JUKI Smart Feed”.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9. Machine Maintenance

When lint and/or dirt has built up, it may cause machine failures. Therefore, clean the machine frequently.

⚠️ Turn off the machine or leave the Machine in Lock Mode

1 Remove needle and presser foot. Remove the throat plate.
Push the exclusive screw-driver ❷ into the groove in front of the throat plate ❶ and press the screw-driver downward to remove the throat plate.

2 Remove the bobbin case holder ❸.

3 Remove lint and dirt.
Remove lint and dirt around the feed dog and bobbin case holder with the cleaning brush.

4 Install the bobbin case holder.
Install the bobbin case holder so that points A and B touch each other.

5 Fit the throat plate in position.
Place the area ❹ first and then push center to right hand part of the throat plate to assemble ❺.

119
10. Introduction of optional accessory parts

Make your home sewing more pleasant!
Please purchase the following items in the shop where you buy our products.

- **Button attaching presser foot**
  This presser foot is used to attach buttons on garments.

- **Pearl attaching presser foot**
  With this presser foot it is possible to attach pearls, beads and thick cord.

- **Presser foot with guide**
  As the presser foot has markings, which show 2 mm distance, these marking will serve as a guide.

- **Binder presser foot**
  It is possible to attach tapes such as bias tape into four folds.

- **Twin needle**
  By using two needles beautiful decorative stitches can be sewn. (Twin needle with size: 2.0 mm)

- **Hemming presser foot for zigzag**
  Fabric edge is hemmed by zigzag while rolling it under. Used for bottom of shirts, blouses, frills and the edge of handkerchiefs.

- **Appliqué presser foot**
  Since the front and back of the presser foot is short, it is easy to move the materials at curve points. Also fabrics can be seen easily because it is transparent.

- **Cording presser foot**
  It is possible to attach 1 - 3 cords by three-point zigzag or decorative stitch.

- **Invisible zipper foot**
  As a seam does not appear on the right side of the fabric, an opening can be finished with fabric edges neatly butted.

- **Smooth presser foot**
  This presser foot is used for non-slippery materials like vinyl and satin stitches.

- **Edge Sewing presser foot**
  This is used for patchwork, sewing center line of joined materials by using the center guide of the presser foot.

- **Cording and Embroidery presser foot**
  It is used in free motion quilting and a cord can be sewn together with this presser foot.

- **Quilt presser foot (open type)**
  It is used in free motion sewing. As the front portion is open, it is easy to see the needle entry point.

**Requires the adapter shank.**
● Magnifier

Creates additional magnification to the stitch area.

**Attention**

If you pull out the magnifier swiftly, your finger may be injured or the cover can be broken.

1) To install the magnifier, carefully insert it into the mounting hole.
2) To adjust the magnifier position, carry out adjustment holding translucent section B on the left side of the lens surface.
3) To remove the magnifier, carefully draw it out holding handle section A.

* If the magnifier lens surface looks apparently dirty, wipe it clean with a piece of soft cloth in order to prevent the lens from being damaged.

● Spool holder

A spool on which thread is thickly wound can be set. This spool is useful when sewing many stitches at a time such as quilting.

**Attention**

If you pull the spool holder diagonally or swiftly, it can be broken.

1 **Attaching the spool holder.**
   - Install base plate A on the back surface of the sewing machine with two screws.
   - Carefully insert spool holder B into plate A until you hear a snick.

2 **Attaching the thread guide post.**
   - Open the top cover of the sewing machine and insert the thread guide post C into mounting hole D.
   - Fit thread guide E over the thread guide post with the arrow on the top of the former faced toward the front of the sewing machine.

3 **Raise the thread guide post fully.**
   - Turn the spool holder until it engages the positioning stopper F with a click.

4 **Set the thread on the spool holder.** Draw the thread from the spool which is thickly wound with thread you have placed on the spool holder. Put the thread on thread guide G-1 and G-2 in the written order and thread the machine head as usual.
11. Performance check list

If sewing difficulties occur, make sure the instructions are correctly followed. If a problem still exists, the reminders below may help solve it.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Case</th>
<th>Cause (Reason)</th>
<th>Solution</th>
<th>Reference page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ● The machine stops sewing suddenly.  
  (This is in case you can turn hand wheel by hand.) | ● The machine sews at slow speed continuously.  
  (The machine has a mechanism to automatically cut off the power to prevent the motor from overheating.) | ● Turn off the power and wait for a while (about 10 minutes). The safety mechanism will be reset and the machine will return to normal. | 3 |
| ● The machine will not work even when start/stop button is pressed.  
  (This is in case sewing light is still on.) | ● The needle hits presser foot due to an installation of incorrect presser foot.  
  ● The needle fell into the hook area and tried to start. | ● Use the appropriate presser foot to the selected stitch pattern.  
  ● Remove the needle from the hook area. | - |
| ● Needle breaks. | ● Thick material is sewn with a thin needle.  
  ● The needle is not inserted fully.  
  ● The needle setscrew is not securely tightened.  
  ● The wrong presser foot is used for a certain pattern.  
  ● Needle is bent. | ● Check the combination of fabric, thread and needle.  
  ● Check the installation of needle.  
  ● Securely tighten the needle setscrew.  
  ● Check the combination of stitch pattern and presser foot to be used.  
  ● Change needle. | 26 25 25 |
| ● Loud noise and/or keen noise while sewing. | ● Lint or dust has accumulated in the feed dog.  
  ● Lint or dust has accumulated in the hook. | ● Clean the feed dog area.  
  ● Clean the hook area. | 119 119 |
| ● Machine fails to feed fabrics. | ● The stitch length is set at “0”.  
  ● Soft fabrics such as towels are being sewn.  
  ● The machine is set in drop feed condition.  
  ● The height of the micro-lifter is too high. | ● When the stitch pattern is reselected, the machine goes back to the default setting.  
  ● Set the stitch length to 3 to 5.  
  ● Lift the feed dog.  
  ● Adjust the height of the micro-lifter. | 44 44 49 39 |
| ● Needle can not be threaded.  
  (This is in case needle threader will not turn.)  
  ● The hook of needle threader does not go through the needle eye. | ● The needle is not in the up position.  
  (When needle is not in the up position, needle threader will not turn. This is to avoid damages to the hook.)  
  ● The needle is not inserted fully. | ● Rotate the hand wheel and lift the needle upwards.  
  ● Check the installation of the needle. | 31 25 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Case</th>
<th>Cause (Reason)</th>
<th>Solution</th>
<th>Reference page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>● The needle threading lever will not return to the original position and the machine can not turn properly. (This is in case the hook of needle threader remains in the needles eye.)</td>
<td>● Hand wheel is turned by mistake while the needle threading lever is in down position. (in the process of threading to the needle.)</td>
<td>● Turn hand wheel slightly away from you. (to the opposite side when sewing.)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>● The machine will not start even when start/stop button is pressed.</td>
<td>● The foot controller is plugged in.</td>
<td>● Start/stop button can function when foot controller is removed.</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>● Thread breaks. ● Stitch is skipped.</td>
<td>● The machine is incorrectly threaded. ● There is knot or knurl on the thread. ● Thread tension is not adjusted appropriately. ● The needle is bent or the tip of needle is broken. ● The needle is installed incorrectly. ● Threading of bobbin thread is not correct. ● The bobbin can not turn smoothly inside the hook holder. ● The needle size does not match the thread. ● Thread take-up is not threaded.</td>
<td>● Rethread the machine correctly. ● Remove knot or knurl from thread. ● Adjust thread tension manually according to fabrics and thread to be used. ● Change needle. ● Install needle correctly. ● Check the correct way of setting bobbin thread. ● Check the correct way of winding bobbin thread. ● Check the combination of thread and needle. ● Rethread the machine correctly.</td>
<td>32 36 25 29 -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>● Thread tension is not good.</td>
<td>● The needle thread is threaded in correctly. ● The bobbin thread is threaded incorrectly. ● The direction of spool cap doesn’t match the spool.</td>
<td>● Rethread the machine correctly. ● Check the correct way of setting bobbin thread. ● Attach the spool cap in a correct direction.</td>
<td>32 29 32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>● Puckering occurs.</td>
<td>● The stitch length is too large on lightweight fabrics. ● The needle tip is broken.</td>
<td>● Make the stitch length smaller (shorter). ● Change needle.</td>
<td>44 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>● sign is shown on the LCD display.</td>
<td>● Safety mechanism works when machine stops due to motor lock. Or, when the voltage fault has occurred.</td>
<td>● The safety mechanism will be reset in a short while and the machine will return to normal. (At this time, the start/stop button will not light up.)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## 12. List of stitch patterns

|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 001 | 002 | 003 | 004 | 005 | 006 | 007 | 008 | 009 | 010 | 011 | 012 | 013 | 014 | 015 | 016 | 017 | 018 | 019 | 020 | 021 | 022 | 023 | 024 | 025 | 026 | 027 | 028 | 029 | 030 | 031 | 032 | 033 | 034 | 035 | 036 | 037 | 038 | 039 | 040 | 041 | 042 | 043 | 044 | 045 |
| ![Stitch Pattern 001](image1.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 002](image2.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 003](image3.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 004](image4.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 005](image5.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 006](image6.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 007](image7.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 008](image8.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 009](image9.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 010](image10.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 011](image11.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 012](image12.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 013](image13.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 014](image14.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 015](image15.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 016](image16.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 017](image17.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 018](image18.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 019](image19.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 020](image20.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 021](image21.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 022](image22.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 023](image23.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 024](image24.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 025](image25.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 026](image26.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 027](image27.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 028](image28.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 029](image29.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 030](image30.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 031](image31.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 032](image32.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 033](image33.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 034](image34.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 035](image35.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 036](image36.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 037](image37.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 038](image38.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 039](image39.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 040](image40.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 041](image41.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 042](image42.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 043](image43.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 044](image44.png) | ![Stitch Pattern 045](image45.png) |

| 101 | 102 | 103 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 108 | 109 | 110 | 111 | 112 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 121 | 122 | 123 | 124 | 125 | 126 | 127 | 128 | 129 | 130 | 131 | 132 | 133 | 134 | 135 | 136 | 137 | 138 |
| 139 | 140 | 141 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 145 | 146 | 147 | 148 | 149 | 150 | 151 | 152 | 153 | 154 | 155 | 156 | 157 | 158 | 159 | 160 | 161 | 162 | 163 | 164 | 165 | 166 | 167 | 168 | 169 | 170 | 171 | 172 | 173 | 174 | 175 | 176 |

| 177 | 178 | 179 | 180 | 181 | 182 | 183 | 184 | 185 | 186 | 187 | 188 | 189 | 190 | 191 | 192 | 193 | 194 | 195 | 196 | 197 | 198 | 199 | 200 | 201 | 202 | 203 | 204 | 205 | 206 | 207 | 208 | 209 | 210 | 211 | 212 | 213 | 214 |


* The listing can be found inside the top cover of the sewing machine.

| 301 | 302 | 303 | 304 | 305 | 306 | 307 | 308 | 309 | 310 | 311 | 312 | 313 | 314 | 315 | 316 | 317 | 318 | 319 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 320 | 321 | 322 | 323 | 324 | 325 | 326 | 327 | 328 | 329 | 330 | 331 | 332 | 333 | 334 | 335 | 336 | 337 | 338 |
|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 339 | 340 | 341 | 342 | 343 | 344 | 345 | 346 | 347 | 348 | 349 | 350 | 351 | 352 | 353 | 354 | 355 | 356 | 357 |
|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 358 | 359 | 360 | 361 | 362 | 363 | 364 | 365 | 366 | 367 | 368 | 369 | 370 | 371 | 372 | 373 | 374 | 375 | 376 |
|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 377 | 378 | 379 | 380 | 381 | 382 | 383 | 384 | 385 | 386 | 387 | 388 | 389 | 390 | 391 | 392 | 393 | 394 |
|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 384 | 385 | 386 | 387 | 388 | 389 | 390 | 391 | 392 | 393 | 394 | 395 | 396 | 397 | 398 | 399 | 400 | 401 | 402 |
|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 403 | 404 | 405 | 406 | 407 | 408 | 409 | 410 | 411 | 412 | 413 | 414 | 415 | 416 | 417 | 418 | 419 | 420 | 421 |
|     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| 422 |

**Letters/numbers/signs**

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| 一二三四五六七八九十 |
| --- | --- |

| 幼稚園保育小学校年組 |

| 250 |

<p>| 125 |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Body size</td>
<td>57.5 (W) × 31.0 (H) × 24.0 (D) cm</td>
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<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>14.8 KGS</td>
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<tr>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>220 V - 240 V ～, 120V ～ (USA/Canada only)</td>
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<td>Watts</td>
<td>85 W</td>
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<td>Hertz</td>
<td>50/60 Hz</td>
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<td>Foot control model No.</td>
<td>JC-002</td>
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